and its lesson. But some events have deeper especially the scene of judgment; the kingdoms meaning and contain more solemn lessons. One of Europe are those on which especially God's tree differs from another; one mountain differs wrath is to be poured out. But before that crifrom another; so does one event differ from another. Some are the low shrub; others the tow- the East beyond the boundaries of these ten ering palm or spreading banyan. Some are the kingdoms. Preparations are to be made in those mere swell of the hillock; others the majestic regions where, in the earlier ages of the earth, statue of the Andes.

is heard in each. We cannot separate him from from West to East. It will soon shift again from the commonest; we cannot separate the mighti- East to West; and yet again, in the very last est from him. He is in all. Yet in some we crisis—the Armageddon conflict—it will shift hear him speak more audibly. In some we re- back to the East, and Palestine become the cencognize his hand more intelligibly, and beyond ter of events which will make the ears of the the possibility of ambiguity or mistake. Each world to tingle.—London Quarterly Journal of slight malady that troubles us is from him. But Prophecy. more signally and solemnly does he utter his will to us in the disease that lays us prostrate and Advent Herald for Feb. 10. We are glad to brings us to the gates of death. He speaks to see so much truth relative to the terrible scenes us in the death of the neighbor, whom perhaps of the last days in that sheet, which is pledged we hardly miss. But he speaks more loudly and to an opposite sentiment, viz. : Mr. Miller's views terribly in the slaughter of the battle-field, or of the burning up of the world at the coming of the shipwreck that plunges three hundred souls Christ.—EDITOR. at once beneath the "non-sparing" wave.

Our day is one of stir, and noise, and anxiety, and hurrying to and fro. Mighty events are coming up like dark shadows from the abyss .-The common-place of life is, at least for a season, Chronology created a general expectation i

the recesses of each scene, in order to read the tiles or prophetic periods to a close. purpose and the lessons. In the present case, What use will chronology be to the Christian we do not feel such difficulty. The divine finger church as the present dispensation draws to a

to the East. For the last hundred years or more, identify the events as the ones which the inwe may say that the seat of the world's great spired writers described. It answers the purmovements has been Europe, and especially the pose of calculations to the navigator necessary more western kingdoms of Europe. There are for the mariner, when out upon the ocean, to exceptions to this,-such as Napoleon's descent enable him to know his position, and avoid the on Egypt, and his expedition against Moscow; rocks and shoals of the open sea, and also enthe battle of Navarino, and a few minor move- abling him to identify the landmarks when he is ments to show that the East had not gone out of coming into port. But as these landmarks apsight. But the great movements of the world, pear more distinct and definite, calculations are the things of which history writes and at which mostly laid aside, and the mariner is mostly abmen wonder, have been in the West. Especially sorbed in observing the landmarks, which gradhas this been the case during the last twenty five ually become so distinct and definite as to be a years. It is the West that has engrossed atten- safe guide in entering the harbor, and also maktion and filled up the pages of history. But, all ing it quite certain as to his nearness to his desof a sudden, the West subsides into calm, and the tined port. ed with interest.

been looking for some turn of events by which the scene would shift, and, for a time at least, by definite time as a test. The great Head of the sea foaming out his own shame." And leave the West in unnoticed quiet. God has no doubt much yet in store for the West, it may be of good as well as evil; but meanwhile it is in by definite time as a test. The great Head of the sea foaming out his own shame." And all such as "profess to know God, but in works deny him;" and all that "have a form of godlines, but deny its power."

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All communications for the Prophetic Expositor deny him;" and all that "have a form of godlines, but deny its power."

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The Finger of God in Present Events. the East that he has suddenly begun to work, in preparation for greater events in which both East Every event, great or small, has its meaning and West are to share. Christendom will be all great deeds were done, and all God's great In every event God is to be found. His voice purposes unfolded. The scene has just shifted

# Chronology and Events.

BY C. BOARDMAN.

gone. We cannot complain of tameness in scenes, the Jewish Church, that the first advent of Mesnor of monotony in the hours that hurry past .- siah was at hand. While in this state of expec-In quick flight, as well as in gigantic magnitude, tation events began to take place of such a charthe events of our time are beyond anything that acter as to make it certain to all true believers at least the present generation has witnessed. in the prophetic record, that they were the very It becomes us to inquire into them. It will events that were predicted to take place at the be worth our while to do so. In so doing we first advent, while chronology enabled them to shall be seeking to be in sympathy with the mind identify those events. But events began to lesof him who is ordering this wonderous mystery sen their peculiar interest in chronology as they of whirl and change. His hand is conspicuous become a substitute for chronology. It is rethroughout. The more we look, either at the markable that our Lord, when instructing his great whole, or at the smaller details, the more disciples concerning his second coming, when he shall we feel how specially God is manifesting had brought them down to the close of the preshimself in all. In some events we have difficulty ent dispensation, and would have them know in exactly tracing God's purpose or in interpre- what was to take place, he gave them events as ting his meaning. We require to study each part their guide, saying nothing of chronology, except of the subject carefully, and to look deep into that these events brought the times of the Gen-

writes its characters too legibly to be mistaken. close? 1. It will be a good and sufficient guide The scenes we witness bear, both in their origin to the church, although they may fail to ascer and in their execution, too much of God about tain the precise point of time when they com them to be mistaken for the doings or devices menced to create a general expectation in the church that the prophetic periods were about ex-The sudden transfer of events from the West piring. 2. It would enable all real believers to

East begins to toss itself into tempest. The So when believers observe the events that in-Western volcanoes burn low-searcely seem to dicate the wine cup is taken from Judah and Jesmoke; and in a moment the long-silent volca- rusalem, and given to their oppressors, and events noes of the East begin to heave; and ere a few that cluster around the scenes of the second months are over, their fire, and smoke, and ashes, coming of our Lord, it will not be strange if beemitted in terrific bursts, draw every eye towards lievers should lose their especial interest in nice regions which had for a time ceased to be regard- calculations, and be more interested in events, our Lord having given us events to guide us This transfer of events from the West to the through the world's crisis. He, (I believe,) gave East, though sudden, was not unexpected. They us the best instruction for this period of the who have read the prophetic Word know that church's history. And while all should study some of the most marvellous scenes of the latter days are laid in the East; and they have long been looking for some turn of events by which

# Who will Enter the Promised Land?

where "the inhabitant shall not say I am sick;" and where everything shall be of the most satis-

Now the inquiry naturally suggests itself to The inspired testimony says, surely they will not. "For all men have not faith;" all "do not betion and rottenness of the dead. lieve the record God gave of his Son;" they only The Savior testifies, that in the time of deci-

nortant because it equally concerns all, and be- wi hin sight of the holy land. cause those that fail will sustain an irreparable A false coin is a sure indication of a true one; loss, whilst those that obtain will find a durable and a counterfeit bill is a sure token of a genugood. The one will meet with an abiding loss, ine bank and genuine notes. In like manner, the other with an abiding good. The Scriptures false teachers, false brethren, counterfeit religion positively testify that the human family are di- and religionists, are a sure omen of a true reli but their children who learned wisdom and obedience by their father's folly, and their trials by In conclusion, what does Paul say? Hear ye

riously to inquire of himself, and to let his inquiries be answered by the silent whisperings of a wakeful conscience. Shall I enter this land ?that I am a child of God-a joint heir of Christ? rental example: Have I any well grounded hope of life? To "As I was about to enter my nursery, to look sirable an object. The course of conduct that prayer. will bring to pass so desirable an end is described

on this wise in the sacred writings. the land that is very far off."

gospel net, like the seine used in fishing, gathers prayer." good and bad. It embraces in its folds, the stony ground hearer, who, for the want of moisture, falls away in the time of trial; and the thorny and perverse lips put far from thee." ground hearer that is pale and sickly, bringing forth no fruit to perfection, being shaded and choked with earthly things.

This net also, when cast into the great sea, gathers in its folds the false teacher, who, like Balaam, "loves the wages of unrighteousness;"

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Of each of these it may with propriety be said, as of Ephraim, "He is like a silly dove without The Scriptures speak of the land of promise as heart;" "a cake not turned;" "an empty vine being desirable; a delightful land; a land of bringing forth fruit unto himself." "Ephraim richness, "flowing with milk and honey," and is as an heifer that is taught, and loveth to tread out the corn;" "thou hast loved a reward upon every corn floor." Ah, me! they are like washed swine, that turn again to the mire; cleansed only superficially, the nature remaining unchanged. the reflecting mind, who will enter this land?— Their clothing is like that of a sheep, but their Will every fallen son and daughter of Adam, heart like the prowling wolf. Polished sepulwithout distinction, possess this blessed heritage? chers of beautiful appearance, but within full of poisonous effluvia, arising from the decomposi-

who are of faith, will be "blessed with faithful sion many will come to him and say, "Have we Abraham," and with him enter the land of rest. not prophesied in thy name? and in thy name Paul says some must enter, but those to whom cast out devils? and in thy name done many the report was first made, "entered not in be- wonderful works? and hast thou not taught in cause of unbelief." As the fathers who came out our streets? And then will I profess unto them of Egypt did not enter the typical Canaan for I never knew you: depart from me, ye that work the want of faith, so the lack of this grace will iniquity." Like the Hebrews in the wilderness, shut out the unbeliever from the real Canaan. once saved from the wrath that fell on Egypt, This question is an important one. It is im- Pharaoh and his hosts, but rejected for sin when

vided into two great classes in the present state, and will be in the future. These are denomilist that which we all need, for the false will avail nated, the righteous and the wicked; or, in other nothing but to quiet conscience a little, and renwords, the seed of the Holy One, and the childer the bands of deception more strong. A bank dren of the wicked one. This may also be seen note that is poor, will not pass amongst those by God's dealings with the people that came out who are judges of good money; neither will a of Egypt. The fathers for their error were rejected, and sentenced to turn back and wander judgeth not according to the appearance, but in the desert until they were wasted in death; righteous judgment—who searcheth the hearts

the way, were led in, victors by Joshua into the him: "Examine yourselves, whether ye be in the faith; prove your own selves. Know ye not This being the case, every individual ought se- how that Jesus Christ is in you, except ye be

PARENTAL EXAMPLE.—A mother related the Have I faith? Do I in heart believe the divine following seemingly trifling incident, which fortestimony? Have I the witness within myself cibly illustrates the importance and power of pa-

which of these two classes do I belong? And after my little ones, I obsorved the youngest, a when the voice of an unseared conscience shall boy of three years of age, looking over a book, give an answer, let them immediately put in prac- which he had taken from a shelf, resembling a tice that course of action which will effect so de-

"Struck with the unusual solemnity of his manner, I watched unobserved, his movements .-Fear God, and keep his commandments: for With great precision, and apparent devotion, he this is the whole duty of man." "He hath showed thee, O man, what is good; and what doth ing, and then kneeling for praying, in imitation the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to of his father's daily example. And never was love mercy, and to humble thyself to walk with manner, voice or gesture more perfectly copied. God." "He that walketh righteously, and speak- Trifling as was this circumstance, so deep and eth uprightly; he that despiseth the gain of opsions, that shaketh his hands from holding that to this time I find myself mentally exclaimribes, that stoppeth his ears from hearing of ing, What manner of persons ought parents to blood, and shutteth his eyes from seeing evil; be, in all holy conversation and godliness!—
he shall dwell on high: his place of defence shall
Never till this moment had my mind dwelt upon be the munitions of rocks; bread shall be given the momentous fact, though so oft repeated, that him, his waters shall be sure. Thine eyes shall the future characters and eternal destinies of see the King in his beauty: they shall behold children are usually, at a very early period, stamped by parental example; and I now felt Some, however, that profess faith and do these that an amazing influence must be exerted upon works in form, will not enter in the end; for the our children by the manner of performing family

"Put away from thee a froward mouth,

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POETRY.

Wandering Down. I am wandering down life's shady path,-Slowly, slowly wandering down; I am wandering down life's rugged path,— Slowly, slowly wandering down.

Morn, with its store of buds and dew, Lies far behind me now ; Noon, with its wealth of song and light, Lies far behind me now.

'Tis the mellow flush of sunset now,-'Tis the shadow and the cloud: Tis the dimness of the dying eve, 'Tis the shadow and the cloud.

'Tis the dreamy haze of twilight now, 'Tis the hour of silent trust;
'Tis the solemn hue of fading skies, Tie the time of tranquil trust.

The pleasant heights of breezy life The pleasant heights are past; The sunny slopes of buoyant life; The spnny slopes are past.

I shall rest in you low valley soon, There to sleep my toil away ; I shall rest in you sweet valley soon, There to sleep my tears away.

One little hour will soothe away Time's months of care and pain: One quiet hour will dream away Time's years of care and pain

Laid side by side with those I love, How calm that rest shall be! Laid side by side with those I love, How soft that sleep shall be!

I shall rise and put on glory, When the great morn shall dawn I shall rise and put on beauty When the glad morn shall dawn.

I shall mount to you fair city, The dwelling of the blest; I shall enter you bright city, The palace of the blest.

I shall meet the many parted ones In that one home of joy: Lost love forever found again In that dear home of joy

We have shared our earthly sorrows Each with the other here; We shall share our heavenly gladness Each with the other there.

We have mingled tears together,-We have mingled sighs together— We shall mingle smiles and song

# MENT PROPHECIES QUOTED IN THE NEW."

the sun shall go down over the prophets, and the of natural sagacity can discern; blindness to those Christ is in its progress. I say the Saturnian fore the uncircumcised. So, also, when the priests day shall be dark over them. Then shall the things about to happen, which ordinary foresight age, for to suppose that the thing which they seers be ashamed, and the diviners confounded; can anticipate; contradiction of that proverbial feign hath aught in common with the millenium against Elijah, the prophet of the Lord, they yea, they shall all cover their lips; for there is wisdom which the common people never think of of the Holy Scriptures, is only possible with those brought upon themselves destruction. But what no answer of God." It is an eternal ordinance violating; in one word, that headlong pursuit of who are, like them, ignorant of prophecy, and, of God's wisdom and justice, that in what kind their own ruin, which is called infatuation—this like most of them, glorying to be ignorant, yea, them and seduced by their falsehoods, were puna man offendeth, in that kind he shall be punish- is the judgment which God threatens upon those counting it most perilous to seek to understand ished with captivity. So, also, when Titus coma man offendeth, in that kind he shall breed the ed; yea, that the offence itself shall breed the punishment in its core. Of the princes and the rulers who flayed off the skin, ate the flesh, and brake the bones of God's people, it was the judgment which God threatens upon those counting it most persions to seek to understand the Prophetic Word of God.

Why this extraordinary blindness of the self-itians, going forth, sat in the nest of the Lord's abused the gift of the prophetic truth, committed to them.—
What is clear as daylight to others, shall become are about to come? Why saw they in that law brake the bones of God's people, it was the judgment which God threatens upon those counting it most persions to seek to understand the Prophetic Word of God.

Why this extraordinary blindness of the self-itians, going forth, sat in the nest of the Lord's named Evangelical ministry to the things which are about to come? Why saw they in that law apostles was vindicated against the word of the Pharisees; but what of that?

terful than themselves, who should be to them a over the prophets, and the day shall be dark over tion of Ireland? Why see they in their Mislord of the like cruelty: "Then the king of Baby- them: they shall stumble, and reel, and fall, in sionary and Bible Societies the conversion of a lon slew the sons of Zedekiah in Riblah before broad daylight; not through drunkenness, but world, which is ripe for and on the eve of perdihis eyes: also the king of Babylon slew all the through judicial blindness. To take an example tion? Why sing they sweet strains of peace and nobles of Judah. Moreover he put out Zede- from recent events: perhaps the only persons in prosperity, when Europe, and all the world, is kiah's eyes, and bound him with chains to carry him to Babylon." Jer. xxxix. 6, 7. Because who could not have foreseen the downfall of the earthquake? Why are they of all men the only they had turned their power into oppression, they king as sure to proceed from those measures of class unsuspecting, untroubled, unalarmed? The reaped the oppression which they had sown; be- his, were the priests and counsellors who advised answer is in the words before us, as the fact is cause they turned the reward of holiness into them. The power of common sense and ordina- the best illustration of these words: "Thus saith persecution, they reaped the persecution and ry forecast was taken from them. So in regard the Lord concerning the prophets that make my death which they had sown. "He that leadeth to all prophets whom God hath appointed to be people err, that bite with their teeth, and cry, into captivity shall go into captivity; he that the counsellors of the earth, and to give men con- Peace: and he that putteth not into their mouths, slayeth with the sword shall be slain with the tinual admonition of those things which will se- they even prepare war against him: Therefore

great is that darkness! Their most useful and intelligence. 45 INTERPRETATION OF OLD TESTA- and a wonder: for the wisdom of their wise men zines of all sorts, but especially those called ciful word is at an end, fixed and final doom is shall perish, and the understanding of their pru- Evangelical, give a far more erroneous view of come. dent men shall be hid;" (Isa. xxix. 9-14:)—a the future, than the daily, or even the Sunday When Jehoshaphat was turned back, and Ahab

cure to them the favor of the overruling God: if night shall be unto you, that ye shall not have a With like retribution descendeth judgment they will pervert truth, and be unfaithful to their vision; and it shall be dark unto you, that ye upon the prophets also, whose glorious office it is trust, it shall come to pass that they shall become shall not divine; and the sur shall go down over to turn men from darkness to light, and to shine the most blind and stupid of the people. I have the prophets, and the day shall be dark over like the stars in the firmament for ever and ever. been told by men of observation, that upon the them." Micah iii. 5, 6.

Which high dignity, of being the lights of the continent this is visible to the eye, in the counte- I am too deeply convinced of the truth and imworld, having forgotten and despised, the light nances of the Catholic priesthood, which are re-portance of what I am about, to think of making that is in them becometh darkness: and how markable for dullness, sensuality, and the want of any apology for what I write; and I know too well, by experience, that to state the whole truth most merciful vocation, of being "the salt of the If this is not a general character of the min- out of a loving heart, is the only way to reclaim earth," having betrayed, the salt loseth its savor, istry among us, certainly we look in vain now to them who are fast deepening into this quicksand, and is straightway good for nothing, neither for find that firm and collected wisdom, that counted not to be firm and constant in doing it. It hath the field nor the dunghill: "it is henceforth good nance and gait and manner, which betoken a clear so pleased God to make my word profitable to for nothing, but to be cast out, and to be trod- view of the road one is traveling; still less that many in the ministry, not because it is mine, but den under the foot of men." "Therefore, saith look rapt into future times, that eye full of viour abrupt prophet, "night unto you from a vi- sion, that word full of conviction, which betoken substance of his own, that I am bound as well sion, and darkness to you from divining;" or, as a man guided by the Spirit of God, and able to by gratitude, as I am encouraged by his blessit is in the prophet Isaiah more fully expressed, guide others also. For the truth's sake I must ing, and pressed by duty, to speak out these with all the minuteness of prophetic truth, with say, that the most striking instances of shuffling, all the glory of prophetic imagery, "Stay your-indecision, and inconstancy, of changeableness To the stone-blindness which the Lord in his

selves and wonder; cry ye out, and cry: they and irresoluteness, I have found amongst those righteous retribution doth bring upon all treachare drunken, but not with wine; they stagger, ministers of the word who court the people, and erous dealers with his word, is added the confubut not with strong drink. For the Lord hath have the greatest popularity; for this very reasion which in the end alights upon them: "Then poured out upon you the spirit of deep sleep, and son, as I believe, that, being sent to guide the shall the seers be ashamed, and the diviners conhath closed your eyes: the prophets and your rulers, people into the ways of truth, they have yielded founded: yea, they shall all cover their lips; for the seers, hath he covered. And the vision of to the stream, given up their own mind, and there is no answer of God." The word then, all is become unto you as the words of a book spoken what pleased, until they have forgotten, with which this word is introduced, refers us to that is sealed, which men deliver to one that is not only to speak, but even to know, what is true. the time, or very day, when the judgment is learned, saying, Read this, I pray thee; and he I believe the force of conscience to be at a lower brought, which confounds all their stratagems of saith, I cannot, for it is sealed: and the book is ebb among popular preachers, and fawning, courdelivered to him that is not learned, saying, tier preachers, than among any other class of the stands to this hope of the false prophets, as the Read this, I pray thee; and he saith, I am not people; and because conscience is the eye of the then of verse fourth stood to the blood-thirsty learned. Wherefore the Lord saith, Forasmuch spirit, these have the most dim and erroneous inas this people draw near me with their mouth, sight into future things of all men in this king- true prophet shall be verified, and the words of and with their lips do honor me, but have redom, and speak and preach, and write more wide the false prophets manifested to be false; and moved their heart far from me, and their fear to- of the mark than any class of the community, not then mockery and contempt is his doom; but, ward me is taught by the precept of men; there- excepting those whose pitiful calling it is to live alas! the die is cast, and wisdom availeth not fore, behold, I will proceed to do a marvellous by serving up their wits for the gratification of now: the awful truth flasheth upon our face at work among this people, even a marvellous work the mob. That is to say, the religious maga- length, but to no purpose: now, blessed and mer-

passage which our Lord ever kept his eye upon newspapers: and, if you would hear the very confell at Ramoth-Gilead, Micaiah, who had been THE PROPHECIES OF CHRIST'S BIRTH PLACE.

with reverence, and more than once quoted, as trary of the truth, in respect of things to come, punished with bread and water of affliction for his faithfulness, was justified; and Zedekiah, the asset forth, attend the annual meetings of our rement in their days; when the wrath, which be- ligious societies, and listen to their most popular son of Chenaanah, who smote him, was, with all Verses 6, 7: "Therefore night shall be unto gan in our prophet's time, came upon Jerusalem advocates, whose smooth and silken strain would his sycophant company, put to shame. But what you, that ye shall not have a vision; and it shall be dark unto you, that ye shall not divine; and the of natural sagacity can discorn; blindness that the Saturnian age was put to shame, and God's people discomfitted between shall go down over the prophets, and the of natural sagacity can discorn; blindness that passed Jerusalem with armies, and the Chris-

Truly "the prophet that teacheth lies, he is the ing destruction from the presence of the Lord: had been the instrument of fraud between God church's endowment and possession; whereas and man. O, how high and solemn is this office they sinned only against the Son of Man, which tween God and man. Do thou, O God, keep the stripes; we are the wife of freedom, whose adul- communication. I can give no reason for the the mansions, what will be the glory of the subdoor of my lips, that I offend not with my tongue. tery could be atoned for only by death. Since omission, except it be that when Sr. C- rejects? If such be the glory of the subjects, what And last of all is stated the reason of this con- the day of Pentecost, every man upon whom the turned it after perusal, I hastily mailed it, sup- must be the glory of the King? O. glory! glofusion, and shame, and banishment from the pres- name of God is named is liable for the holiness posing I had already signed it. I am most of ry! glory! My whole being is ravished with deence of men; "Because there is no answer of of a regenerate person, and for the use of the gift the time so miserable, that I can think or remem-God." A prophet's appeal is to the future. of the Holy Ghost; and being so engaged unto ber but little, which must be my apology. I have I contemplate the occupancy of one of those man-The thing is true which he hath spoken if it come to pass. This is the way in which God justifies Holy Ghost, which cannot be forgiven. his own truth; and all that is truth of God ought Apostasy is not confined to the Churchof Rome I do not think Christians should act behind the Paul on his way to Damascus, (see Acts ix. 3-9.) to stand or fall by this test. "Let all the na- -which is only the great form of it-but is a sin curtain, but in all their acts be open, frank and and on John at Patmos, (Rev. i. 17.) we need tions be gathered together, and let the people be to which every baptized person is liable. What candid. I love the Lord with all my heart; not wonder, that in this city where Christ reigns. assembled: who among them can declare this, zeal, then, what jealousy, what striving of heart and my desire is, in all I do, to gratify God; there is no need of the natural sun to shine, nor and show us former things? let them bring forth and discernment of spirits ought there to be, in and I do not intend doing, much less writing, of a candle—no night nor darkness—for his glotheir witnesses, that they may be justified: or every Christian minister, over the church which anytling I should be ashamed of. Paul exhorts ry fills and lights the city. O, glorious hope! let them hear, and say, It is truth." Isa. xliii. 9. stands thus terribly exposed! What prompti- us, that whether we eat, drink or sleep, in all to O, blessed abode! We shall be near Jesus, and

also may some of you, O ye deceivers of the peo- come will come, and will not tarry." Be patient and, therefore, that the will of God cannot be body like Christ's, (see Phil. iii. 21; and Rev. i. ple, and misleaders of them from the Word of a little longer; "the Judge standeth at the done in it; that sin is its hopeless, remediless es- 13-16;) to be adopted into the family of God as God, live to see your own confusion, while the door." tate. But the actual sins of the church, if any a son—a son of the great I am—even to heirship faithful escape! But, alas! this is small and In contrast with the darkness and deadness in one, as I have done, go about to expose—her igpoor comfort to you, O ye people, who by leaning the truth, and their flatteries of the people, the norance, her unbelief, her uncharitableness, her Paul, "all things are yours, and ye are Christ's. to their unscriptural words have meanwhile been prophet declareth his strength, and boasteth of hypocrisy-straightway there ariseth such a din and Christ is God's." What a climax of infiniwithdrawn from the way of safety, and are in- his power in the Lord: "But truly I am full of and clamor about your ears, as if you were an tude and glory! What an exaltation for such volved with them in the common ruin. It is too power, by the Spirit of the Lord, and of judg- Achan in the camp; a spy, and no true man .- worms of the dust! Surely our hope is a blessmuch to expect, that, if these words be of God, ment, and of might, to declare unto Jacob his If you will direct your shafts against those be- ed hope! It takes hold of the fulness of the they shall be otherwise entreated by a people in transgression, and to Israel his sin." Micah iii. youd the bourne of the religious world, it is all eternal power and Godhead! In view of it. Bro. the case we are in, than as idle and evil: but 8. Here is, first, the true vocation, and second- well: their horse-racings, their card parties, their D\_\_\_\_, I am not ashamed to confess myself a and if they be of God, they will withdraw some ly, the full endowments, of a prophet. His voca- Sunday profanations, and the like: but if you pilgrim and stranger here on this sin-cursed earth. from the precipice of the gulf, to take refuge in tion is, to "cry aloud and spare not; to lift up touch the hem of evangelicalism, you touch the and that I desire a better country, i. e., a hea-Him who is near for to come, "a refuge from the his voice like a trumpet, and show God's people apple of their eye. It may not be spoken against: venly (earth) of which it shall be said, "there tempest, and a hiding place from the storm." their transgressions, and the house of Jacob their it is the Jerusalem and the temple, to speak shall be no more curse." For God has said, that The expression, "They shall all cover their sins." An unwelcome message, and a perilous against which is blasphemy, to prophesy the of such he is not ashamed to be called their God, lips," is taken from the ordinance of the law of calling; from which many, having swerved in the downfall and destruction of which is to commit and gives a reason. How like God! Hear, ye Moses concerning the leper, who for his leprosy hour of need, were cast off by God, and possessed a crime worthy of death. And who are they redeemed, the reason why God is not ashamed was put away from the congregation of the Lord, with spirits of uncleanness and falsehood. It is that show forth the iniquities and short-comings to be called your God: "Because he hath preand interdicted all converse and communion with not to declaim against the heathen, or those who of this society of sinful men? There are none. pared for them a city." Heb. xi. 16. What a the rest of the people : "And the leper in whom are out of the church—of whom the apostle says, And why are there none? Because their pro- reason! Who ever thought of such a one? O. the plague is, his clothes shall be rent, and his "What right have I to judge them that are with phets prophesy falsely, and the people love to the goodness of God! head bare, and he shall put a covering upon his out?"-but to expose the transgressions and sins have it so. But to this people is my commisupper lip, and shall cry, Unclean, unclean. All of those upon whom God's name is called, that sion. The Lord hath shown me the error of their God himself was to build. God made the first the days wherein the plague shall be in him, he prophets are commissioned. And accordingly, ways: he hath filled my heart with love and faith- Paradise for the first or typical Adam, and it shall be defiled; he is unclean; he shall dwell in the New Testament, as well as in the Old, fulness to them. I pity that they should be left was good. In it was every tree pleasant to the alone, without the camp shall his habitation be." the great body of reproof and threatening and and forsaken; that they should be without a sight and good for food, and the tree of life also. Lev. xiii. 45, 46. No expression could be so prophecy is against the church, to warn her warning voice; that they should dwell safely and So God has built the second, the eternal Parastrong, for the confusion, and shame, and fear, against the peril of apostasy, to point out the securely in times of dread and terror, to the peril dise, for the second Adam, even Jesus; and as and exile, in which these lying prophets should cunning artifices with which it steals on, the ir- of which all other people are alive. It is true the second Adam exceeded in goodness the first be brought in the day of the revelation of their retrievable destruction in which it ends. The that their prophets have a dispensation of dark- Adam, so does the Paradise or capital of his falsehood. They flee the enraged prince; they prophets of the Old Testament do always, in the ness and night resting upon them, but God hath kingdom exceed in glory. John had a glimpse flee the infuriated people; they flee God; and midst of their threatened judgments, set forth not left himself, nor them, without a witness: of the glory of this city, and he describes the from the habitations of men they are driven: hope, strong and certain hope, to Mount Zion he hath raised up several, and will raise up more, wall as being made of the most precious stones. they are a disgrace to their honorable office, a and Jerusalem. Not so the prophets of the New, to point out the falseness of their security, and its massive gates one solid pearl, its streets of ruin to their country, a trap for the souls of men. who consume the apostate church with everlast- the insufficiency of their hiding-place. And well might they cover that lip which because we sin against the Holy Ghost, the of mine! how these lips of mine should keep can be forgiven: they were only the wife of bondknowledge and truth! for they bear messages be- age, whose adultery could be atoned for by ply to apologize for neglecting to sign my first adorn those streets? If such be the glory of

## The Glories of the Kingdom.

They talk, now-a-days, as if the gospel had tude to point out the first symptoms of the evil! glorify God. That is my faith, but I come far see him as he is; and seeing him as he is, be like changed the character of God's truth, so as that what diligence to arrest its progress! what thun- short, and my continual desire is, "O, that I him.

all, or whom he spared made captives of, except what Pashur and Hananiah were to Jerusalem, tural man, and lulling the spiritual man into con-Jeremiah, whom he gave in charge to the cap- and the Pharisees to their generation, they are tentment with a very partial and incomplete sanc- his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the tain of the guard, that he might receive no hurt to this: and the Lord will speedily decide. Our tification: and this partiality they are now en- children of men!" "Wonderful works." did I in the sack and plunder of the city, then, indeed, shame, or their shame, is not far distant. There deavoring to sanctify into a doctrine, by their say? Yes, he gave his Son to die and to reas it is written in our text, were the seers will be speedily an answer from God, which no heresy of unholiness that Christ did not take this deem us and our inheritance. He has promised ashamed, and the diviners confounded: and so one shall be able to gainsay. "He that shall sinful flesh of ours and do the work of God in it; us a resurrection unto eternal life; a glorified

(To be continued.)

The city of the Lord was overwhelmed, and his it should be prophetical no longer. Yet Paul derings of God against those who would prepare might love thee more and serve thee better !"temple laid in the dust, the efforts of a valiant | could find no other criterion for distinguishing its way! what expostulations and commiserations | But I find, after all my efforts, that I am but an nation broken, a million of lives destroyed. And between the true and the false builders in the towards those who are yielding to its influence! unprofitable servant. Yet I do not suffer my when Britain shall be ruled by an infidel govern- temple of the Spirit, save the appeal to the fu- what assurances of the sufficiency of God to pro- short-comings to bring me into bondage to the ment, and the wrath of the Lamb shall alight ture day: "Every man's work shall be made tect and defend his people! what assurances of law, nor to the letter of the gospel, for I am not upon her to the uttermost, and church and state manifest : for the day shall declare it, because it bis love! what entreaties to constancy! what reshall have sunk beneath the waves, we, who with- sha'll be revealed by fire; and the fire shall try monstrances against sin! what incentives to ho- to the mercy of God in Christ Jesus. Therefore, stood the entering in of the system of liberalism, every man's work, of what sort it is." 1 Cor. iii. liness! And these, not to such as are out of the casting all my care upon Jesus, I trust in him will be justified against those smoother and fair- 13. Our Lord also, after giving warning of the church, but to those within it; not to one denom- as my all; believing in him as having been made er-faced men who prognosticated the renovation false prophets which should arise in the church, ination, as the Papacy; or to one part of Pro- unto me wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctiof the state; but what of that? The land, and and referring to their fruits for a present mark, testants, as the Socinians and Neologians; nor fication, and will soon be made, I trust, final and the konor of our fathers, the glory and the pride adds, as the ultimate criterion, the judgment to to one sect in any church, as those who are not eternal redemption unto eternal life, and glory, of the earth, will be a blood-boltered land, a land be holden in the day of his appearing; to which of the religious world; but to all and every one and a kingdom. For Christ is my life. I have the New Testament carries forward the expecta- who hath received the name of a son and the gift left it with him, and it is hid with Christ in God: Ah, me! ye giddy, gamesome men, who make tions of the church. This the opposers of the of the Holy Ghost in baptism: I say received it, so that I have no trouble, nor have I had for light of our prophetic researches and forebodings, truth gave little heed to. They speak of the in as far as God and our own responsibility is years, about losing my soul. "I know whom I ye have now the gay and the gala day on your world as wending its way to a happy millenium; concerned. Such is the calling and commission have believed," and that he is able to keep my side, as had Pashur the priest, and Hananiah we preach a world ready to be destroyed by the of a Christian prophet; such the chief substance life which I have committed to his care, and will and Shemaiah the prophets, who prophesied wrath of God and of the Lamb: they preach the of Christian prophecy—to show unto God's peoagainst the truth, and against Jeremiah the min- church prosperous, the city flourishing: we preach ple their transgression and their sin. And now tion morn. As Paul says, "when he (Christ.) ister and prophet of truth, that no king of Baby- the church in the last extreme of old age, the let God be judge how it is fulfilled. | who is our life shall appear, then shall we also lon should ever set foot in Jerusalem; and as city horribly wicked and ready to be judged .- Original sin, the common sinfulness of our na- appear with him in glory." For he will raise us they smote Jeremiah, and put him in the stocks, What Jeremiah was to Jerusalem, and the Lord ture, you find much descanted on—very often to up to honor, glory and immortality. O, what a so do you by us, so far as you have the power. to his generation, we are to them, setting forth little purpose, and not unfrequently to the bad blessed Savior we have! What a blessed hope! But when Nebuchadnezzar came and slew them the concurring judgments which are close at hand; purpose of abolishing all distinctions in the na- How big with glory! Who would not be a Chris-

. gold most pure. O, what glory! Let us here pause, and by analogy rise a little and contemplate the glories of the city of our inheritance. If the walls and gates are so glorious, and the streets paved with gold, -pure, transparent, -

the giory which shall be revealed in us, which Jesus comes. O, glory to God and the Lamb per was distributed by the deacons; and this sale of the day by the Emperor of Austributed by the deacons; and the order of the day by the Emperor of Austributed by the deacons; and the order of the day by the Emperor of Austributed by an and the order of the day by the Emperor of Austributed by the deacons; and this sale or ever and ever! God help us to endure faithful, that when Jesus comes we may be crowned denominated feasts of charity." See Jude 12; tria, directing that in acknowledgment of the earthquake, and a large number of the inhabitants with glory, and go through the gates into the 2 Pet, ii. 13. with glory, and go through the gates into the with glory, and go through the gates into the canton of Ticino. The difficulty is becity, and have right to the tree of life, and share city, and have right to the tree of life, and share contains all the abundance had broken out in the Canton of Ticino. The difficulty is bein the glories of God's everlasting kingdom, for Jesus' sake. Amen, and amen.

sion of my name in a former communication, and soon to be revealed? Seneca Falls, N. Y.

of the children of God scattered abroad.

Paul, 1 Cor. x. 21, "Ye cannot drink the cup of who believed began to observe days and months Russian representative was not present. Farther many members at Cooperstown and Ripley, about the Lord and the cup of devils. Ye cannot be and times and years, so soon did the apostles bepartakers of the Lord's table and of the table of gin to stand in doubt of them. devils."

The next thing to be settled is, by whom was it ordained? Take your Bible and turn to Matt. xxvi. 26; and Mark xiv. 22; Luke xxii, 19, and they will answer the above.

How often is the supper to be attended to ?-In Acts xx. 7, we have this question answered. 10th, and arrived at New York March 27th. So that settles the matter so far. See also 2 Cor. The death of the Czar, Nicholas, is confirmed. xvi. 2, which shows that the Christians came to- He died shortly after noon on Friday, March 2. them off from their reinforcements, and becomgetner every first day of the first day

set before us in the gospel, let us endure the swered by the primitive custom. Mosheim's words." It is said that a few days before his kept up on both sides with more or less steadisect before us in the gospel, let us endure the set before us in the gospel, let us endure the cross, despise the shame, and suffer willingly, pactions, despise the shame, and suffer willingly, pactions, despise the shame, and joyfully. Hold on, dear brother, a tiently, and joyfully. Hold on, dear brother, a tiently, and joyfully. Hold on, dear protner, a bread and wine, and other things, and hence both few days more, and Jesus will come and give us bread and wine, and other things, and hence both ander and Constantine, who were at variance.

The news of the Emparous death was received. tew days more, and Jesus will come and give us the kingdom, and crown us with glory; for it is the ministers of the church and the poor derived the kingdom, and crown us with glory; for it is the Father's good pleasure to give us the kingdom. He hath promised; will he not do it?— an opulent condition, and indeed every one acdom. He hath promised; will he not do it?—
an opulent condition, and indeed every one accounts claim the victory with 700 of the received in most instances with turnultness cheers.

Fear not, aged pilgrim, lift up your head and re-Fear not, aged pugrim, int up your head and It joice, for God cometh; yea, he cometh quickly, offered them, as it were, to the Lord. Of the received in most instances with tumultuous cheers. stroyed the Malakhof tower, but with great loss. Joice, for God cometh, yea, he cometh quickly, and his reward is with him. O, glorious hope! bread and wine presented in these offerings, such Some of the people were disappointed, that the Up to the 26th Feb., nothing new had occurrently to the 26th F O, blissful morn, dawn! O, King of glory, come, a quantity was separated from the rest as was reand make us unto God kings and priests!!! quired in the administration of the Lord's Sup-Truly, as Paul saith, "the sufferings of this per; this was consecrated by certain prayers and orders were issued to the home Prussian ar-Truly, as Paul saith, "the sufferings of this per; this was consecrated by certain prayers and orders were issued to the home Prussian arsays that it was rumored that Gen. Canrobert my to wear the symbols of mourning for four present time are not worthy to be compared with pronounced by the bishop alone, to which the pronounced by the bishop alone, to which the present time are not worthy to be compared with pronounced by the bishop alone, to which the pronounced by the bishop alone, the prono the glory which shall be revealed in us," when people assented by saying, Amen. The holy sup- days.

Justin Martyr, in his Second Apology for the Austrian army. Christians, and Tertullian, De Ora, page 135, At Paris the police arrested the ballad sing-In I have written another quite lengthy epistic.

And I know not but I ought to apologize for thus line brought to the shift length of the shift l stop; and nothing but necessity ever should stop prayer and thanksgiving, the whole assembly cy of his father. one of their canons, such as neglected three weeks cession to the throne. together were excommunicated. Erskine's Dis- The synopsis of Alexander's manifesto is re- Austria.—A daughter was born to the Em-

of the children of God scattered abroad.

ern part of the Koman empire, by their canons, sant wishes and views of his predecessor. He Apprehensions are entertained that another Caffre war is about to take place. The governhouse of God. 1 Pet. ii. 5; 1 Tim. iii 15; Heb. beris, in Spain, A. D. 324, decreed that "no of-therein. x. 21. This is sufficient to establish this point. ferings should be received from such as did not For several days the rumor was prevalent that sible. tween the Jewish holy place and the Christian that all who came to church and heard the Scrip- and had died of wounds in Sevastopol. This rehouse of God, so there is an analogy between the tures read, but afterwards joined not in prayer quires confirmation. cle," says Paul, "which is called holy, there were proof of their repentance. Council Ant., canon 2. command there to Gortschakoff, and the second to hear where our good seed is sown, and how it the candlestick and the table, and the show-bread, In their church capacity, they attended upon to Gen. Os en Sacken. or the loaves of the presence: on the golden ta- everything that was of a social character that did It was also stated that Gen. Rudiger had been Buffalo, N. Y., March 12, 1855. or the loaves of the presence. On the gradual state of the presence of the pre The loaves which were removed from the table prayer-meeting, for seasons of unusual solemnity ister of the empire, would be removed. These per you in your undertaking. I am confident I were eaten by the priests. These were called, or interest. They did not at one time abate their appointments, if authenticated, have much im could sell another dozen if I had them. in the Hebrew, the loaves of the faces, or the zeal, their devotions, their gratitude, or their lib- portance. erality, that they might have an opportunity of Immediately on the death of Nicholas being have now no ministering brethren with us, but This emblem of the abundance of spiritual showing forth to advantage, or of doing some- known in Paris, orders were sent to Canrobert to are sadly in need of one. We still keep up our food in the presence of God for all who dwell in thing of great consequence at another. Such press on the siege of Sevastopol with the utmost meeting, and thank God there are a few steadthe holy place, stood always upon the golden tathe noty place, stood always upon the golden to ble furnished by the twelve tribes, even in the No, gentle reader, in the primitive church they scene, nothing additional is known. Preparaceived here, much as elsewhere, by strong oppowilderness. The figure in the first meeting of the Plenipotentiaries at preaching, the cause advanced steadily and surenot from without, but from the seven lamps

Brecksville, Q.

# FOREIGN NEWS.

DEATH OF THE CZAR CONFIRMED. The steamship Atlantic left Liverpool on the

once a week. Pliny, in his Epistles, book 10, always preserve that name as a souvenir to the of the Canton.

N. B.—I sat down to apologize for the omistestify that it was the universal practice in all the ers, for chanting verses disrespectful to the dead gerously ill.

And I know not but I ought to apologize for thus ing brought to the chief brother, he takes it and stated that Emperor Alexander II, who has astronomy of the committee for inquiring into the conduct of the war, and that he has said, in the is this: when I get to writing or talking on the

template the exalted things of God,—the glory Greek church till the seventh century; and by and Berlin, to announce the new Emperor's according to the Emperor of the French had

ceived. He declares the welfare of his empire peror and Empress of Austria on the 5th. In the fourth century, when all things began to to be his only object; that he will endeavor to and he is, to all appearances, an ill used man. FRIEND MARSH:—Perhaps a few thoughts on be changed by baptized pagans, the practice be-maintain Russia on the perfect standard of pow-TRIEND MARSH.—1 Chaps a to the Roebuck committee are proceeding in the breaking of the loaf, may be of use to some gan to decline. Some of the councils in the west- er and glory, and aim to accomplish the inces- their investigations. A number of witnesses ern part of the Roman empire, by their canons, sant wishes and views of his predecessor. He have been called upon to testify.

Then if the Lord have a house, we must see if it receive the Lord's Supper." Council Illi., canon the Grand Duke Michael had been severely has any furniture; as there is an analogy be- 28. The council at Antioch, A. D. 341, decreed wounded in an engagement on the Tchernaya,

furniture of the Christian house of God and and receiving the sacrament, should be cast out The deceased Emperor had already recalled those who officiate in it. "In the first taberna-

placed on the golden candlestick, emblematic of day, Good Friday, nor Preparation Saturday; all Vienna took place on the 6th. Their debates ly. I feel that if you could come here on your placed on the golden countries of the precise mean- tour, you could do much good, and the brethren the perfect light not derived from this world days were alike good, alike preparation, alike had for an object the fixing of the precise meanwhich is enjoyed in the house of God. Says thanksgiving days. As soon as some Pharisees ing of the third of the guaranteed points. The are all anxious you should. There are a good

> Andrew Fritz. lin, and was said to be the bearer of instructions once or twice, and manifested a good deal of inwhich would insure the conclusion of a treaty be- terest in it, and wished to hear more. tween Prussia and the Western Powers.

A dispatch from Sevastopol, of March 5th, soon coming. reached Paris on the 7th, stating that 50,000 Pittsfield, Ill., Jan. 28, 1855. Russians were threatening the English force at

Then, Bro. D-, in view of the glory thus How was it celebrated? This has to be an- hitherto been, and never to forget his father's in entering Sevastopol. Firing continued to be

The special correspondent of the London

SWITZERLAND .- Disturbances had broken out

Belgium .- The political crisis continues, and the country is yet without a minister. DENMARK .- The King of Denmark was dan-

ENGLAND,-The London Morning Herald says:

is this: when I get to writing or talking on the glories of the kingdom, I never know when to stop; and nothing but necessity ever should stop although they may act for the same object. In says, Amen. When thanksgiving is ended by the constantine and other officers, the chief guide and the consent of the whole peocials had formally taken the oath of allegiance order, therefore, to satisfy Louis Napoleon, with conversation of Christians is so little in heaven—on the glories of the kingdom. Why do they not on the glories of the kingdom. Why do they not the bread and wine over which thanks are given. So on the 3d. So on on the giories of the Bread and wine over whole the Bread and whole the Brea reference to the above matter or not.

Lord Lucan had been denied a court martial,

# "Come Over and Help Us."

BRO. MARSH :- I send another call and encouragement from the great West, believing the

which were exhibited there for one week, and on in all their meetings, they offered up their joint army of Poland, to take the direction of the Minwhich were exhibited entered by twelve petitions for all things lawful, commanded or istry of War in the place of Dolgorouski, and it is something very much needed, and is calcuthen ext Sabbath they were substituted by twelve fresh loaves, sprinkled over with frankincense." promised. They left nothing for a missionary was surmised that Gen. Bibikoff, the Home Min- lated to do a vast deal of good. May God pros-

We have a tolerably large church here, and

Gen. Wedell had left Paris on his way to Ber-several places where they have heard the truth

I remain your brother, in the hope of Christ's J. H. DUNHAM.

We very much regret that Bro. Sweet, Gen. Bosquet was endeavoring to get his corps on account of ill health and scanty support, is in the rear of the enemy, with a view of cutting obliged to leave the field. See his letter, and

# EXPOSITOR AND ADVOCATE.

"SEARCH THE SCRIPTURES."-JESUS. ROCHESTER, SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1855. matter.

#### To Agents and Correspondents.

me subject can be admitted.

3. The plain testimony of the Bible and facts will alone portionally in their prices.

4. The literal principle of interpretation must be observ-

8. No unkind expressions will be admitted. Let these rules be carefully observed, and that misunder standing and unpleasantness that sometimes arise between correspondents and the editor, and between themselves—will be avoided lengthy materially signal litigations will be

#### ADVANCE PAY.

our subscribers, giving the respective sums they pended. With this view of the subject, we ask our will be received. will be owing at the close of this volume, soliciting ever true and faithful friends, what shall we do releach to pay the same, and also to renew their sub- ative to the publication of the Expositor? We do are owing for the past volume or volumes of our pa- leaves him under the power of sin, and the sentence scriptions by sending the advance pay for the en not ask whether it shall be continued or not?—for per may not be prepared to pay up old accounts and of death, verse 14, &c. This, says Dr. Taylor, is

all take an interest in the matter as they should. If it is not necessary to say more on this point. a brother receives a bill of account, he should not take offence, for we intend to give none; but we simply take this method to adjust our business as gether with the wants of the case; past experience, together with the wants of the case sattles this point.

a count, until you can pay. Pay all now if you can but if you can spare only two dollars, let us have that, for if you neither pay up old accounts, nor simply take this method to adjust our business as gether with the wants of the case sattles this point.

a count, until you can pay. Pay all now if you can but if you can spare only two dollars, let us have that, for if you neither pay up old accounts, nor wandment, all manner of concupiscence.

For without the law, sin was dead. simply take this method to adjust our business as gether with the wants of the case, settles this point it should be, and to bring about the advance it should be, and to bring about the advance of the papay system in the publication of the Expositor .- per, for many of our patrons though "rich in faith," depart from the advance pay system. in hand: call on those in your respective vicinities, pay more than two dollars a year for a religious the next volume, will be credited accordingly. who take our paper, and others who do not, and do paper. good cause in which we are engaged.

strictly than ever before against all error. Our ob- dollars a volume. The paper must be filled with a It is very desirable to hear from every subseri- ner: for, from the time that Adam sinned, the law and C may feet, or guess, or infer is the truth, but cal, doctrinal and practical, together with a choice ume of the paper, that we may know how large an v. 13. The Jew was then alive, because he was not what can be proved to be truth by the plain, liter- selection of epistolary communications, with a digest edition to print at the commencement of the next under the law subjecting him to death for his transal word of the Lord. Our published rules touching of the news of the day in small type on the cover of volume. We solicit promptness in this repect, and gressions; but when the commandment came, with this matter, especially relative to controversies, will the paper, and the sheet must be as large as it can be more strictly adhered to than previously. If be afforded at two dollars per volume.

we repeat, will all comply with this request?

We depend on our agents, ministers, active breth
Jew died. Then the sting of death acquired life: the plain, literal word of the Lord is not an all- 1. On this plan we could bestow more attention ren and sisters to aid us in this important work, and the Jew, upon the first transgression, was dead and we may as well throw away our Bibles and the paper, which would make it more interesting before your congregations, talk it over among your or advantage, to destroy by the commandment, and useful than a weekly paper can be when it is selves, and do what you can, not only to retain our verses 8, 11. word of God is yet plain and sure, and full of comtily furnished. This is a very important consideracrease it. With your hearty co-operation, and the was evil. and forbad it; and then the principle of fort, and we intend, by his grace, to teach it, with- tion.

the good work. Unless brethren make a special effort to aid us in bringing about the advance pay system and in increasing our subscriptish list, as herein proposed, the number of our subscribers will be greatly diminished: but if they will exert fully read and compare the contents of the paper.

Worn or solled by use, as an unprotected open sheet, and besides it is in a far better condition for binding and preservation, than the open form. These are also weighty considerations.

Brethren will save us much trouble and time, if they would invariably give their Post Office.

The word epithumia, which we render concupiscence, significes simply strong desire of any kind: but, in the New Testament, it is generally taken to

themselues in a manner commensurate with the ur- with the Scritpures, than he could have were it pubpaper placed on a secure basis. Let us hear from a paper that will bear repeated reading, but will

revised and corrected.

The people and bountiful liberality of the george and bountiful liberality of the ground and communications if on the same and communications if on the same is only the means of disclosing this sinful propensithe post office.

6 When the direction of a paper is to be changed, do minished, and unless we do something effectual to 5. We contemplate writing a book of several hun
1 had not known sin but by the law Mr. Locke to remedy it, but it increases instead of being di- health. bas : and

the prices of some articles at this time, with their former prices. Then flour was from four to six dollars per barrel; then, wood was from two to three dollars per cord, now it is from four to six obtain and proclaim a correct knowledge of the Scriptures, and as it is open for the free investigation of all riptures, and as it is open for the free investigation of all per pound, but now it is twenty-five cents or more; We think we now see a fair prospect of soon comble doctrines—to avoid misunderstanding in the matter, Bible doctrines—to avoid misunderstanding in the matter, on the part of those who may feel disposed to write for its then potatoes were twenty-five or thirty cents per mencing its compilation. ges, we will state the following rules, which we hope and bushel, now they are one dollar or over. Then, we of the paper in its contemplated form will be and the inability of the law to subdue it, he appears need they will observe in their communications.

5. Objections against a writer's sentiments must be based strictest economy in our family and all our business. a part of his subscription, if he shall request it. on some plain passage of Scripture, fact, or facts.

5. Only two disputants can be heard at the same time or Our friends nobly responded to our call, and afford
Finally, this plan will place the Expositor on a e same question.

7 Each disputant may speak twice on a point, providing ed us temporary assistance; but their benevolence permanent basis, and free it from pecuniary embardid not remove the evil: high prices have not only rassment, provided our present patrons generally least reflection on the law, which he held in the as might be expected, have diminished.

to remedy which some have cut down the size of shunned, and the investigation of the Bible will be both lateresting and profitable, and will result in obtaining a more correct knowledge of the truth.

to remedy which some have cut down the size of the next volume, which will be in about six weeks from this date, on the following conditions. We far from charging the law with favoring sin. The pelled to stop their paper altogether. The fact is, shall chargeall the papers of limited circulation, were published 1. To single subscribers, \$2,00 per volume. too cheap, even for the times of low prices: there 2. For three papers to one address, \$5,00. We have succeeded only in part in bringing about was a kind of strife to see who could publish the 3. For six papers to one address, \$10,00. the advance pay system in publishing the Exposi-largest and cheapest paper, and now they are reap-tor. We desire to effect it entirely, and to do this ing the fruits of their folly. They must either the middle of the volume. change their policy, to keep pace with their expen- 5. The pay must invariably be in advance. To send bills of account immediately to all of ses, or they must suffer loss, or their papers be susthis matter is settled: it must be continued. But the advance price also of the proposed volume. To the most ingenious turn of writing I ever met with. We hope brethren will concur in these measures. on what principle shall it be published? is the im- all such we will say, do not discontinue taking the

subscribers, and shall not with many, provided they of time longer at its present cost and income, hence Expositor, and wait on you for what is due on old

ill our agents and others take this matter specially are the "poor of this world," and cannot therefore Those subscribers who have paid in advance for

gency of the case, our list will be increased, and the lished weekly. We intend that it shall not only be e brethren as soon as possible on this important lead the humble seeker after truth to a general and faithful study of the Scriptures. Being not able to Verse 7. Is the law sin?] The apostle had said, hire an assistant, we feel assured that we can more verse 5, The motions of sin, which were by the law, THE EXPOSITOR: CHANGE OF FORM. successfully accomplish this desirable end by a did bring forth fruit unto death; and now he an-

2. Business notes and communications if on the same benevolent, we could sustain our paper above pecu-short excursions among the churches than we now ty, not of producing it; as a bright beam of the heet, should be written so that they can be taken apart, the street of the communication. If necessary, a separate slip may be enclosed in the same envelops.

3. When you send names of new subscribers, let them be a carbon subscribers, let them be a communication. If necessary, a separate slip may be enclosed in the same envelops.

3. When you send names of new subscribers, let them be a carbon subscribers, let the carbon subscribers, let the carbon subscribers and let the carbon subscribers and let the carbon subscribers. 3. When you send names of new subscribers, let them be exchanged for those of worldly-influencess, stated many tespects, and for our long sedentary habits and incession benevolence, religious apathy and expensive living; We find that our long sedentary habits and incession benevolence, religious apathy and expensive living; We find that our long sedentary habits and incession benevolence, religious apathy and expensive living; which appear to be dancing in it in all directions; but those were not introduced by the light, they were there before; only there was not light enough hence the income of the Expositor, with its limited plainly and distinctly.

5. In all cases, give the name of the post office, county and state. When a town or village is called by one name, and the post office by another, be sure to give the name of the post office by another, be sure to give the name of the Expositor, with its limited sant labors, admonish us, that an occasionol relax ation from them, and a change of exercise in the open air is necessary for the preservation of our there before, but there was not light sufficient to

pect they will observe in their communications.

I. None but Bible questions can be admitted for discusprice is from nine to twelve. In a word, our office bers. It will contain including the cover, twenty-2. While a proposition or theory on a certain subject of the Bible is in course of discussion, no other theory on the same subject can be admitted.

The wint canada as pamphlets are generated by the course of discussion, no other theory on the same subject can be admitted.

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The wint canada as pamphlets are generated by the course of discussion, no other theory on the same subject can be admitted. but will cost only eight cents: we intend the sub-To surmount these and other difficulties, we scriber shall have the full worth of his money. If To surmount these and other difficulties, we scriber shall have the full worth of his money. If there is another circumstance in which his adcalled on the benevolent for aid, and studied the he shall think differently, we will refund him all or dress is peculiarly evident; his demonstrating the

continued, but have grown higher, while donations, concur in the same. Their good sense and love of highest veneration; and therefore he very naturalthe truth, we trust will cause them, with few excep-Other publishers have sorely felt these evils, and tions heartily to second these measures. We proo remedy which some have cut down the size of pose making the change at the commencement of notwithstanding the law. "What!" says this Jew,

account, until you can pay. Pay all now if you can

## EXPOSITION OF ROMANS. (Continued.)

CHAPTER VII. 7-12.

1. All communications for the Expositor should be ritten in a plain, legible hand; and, before sent, carefulter, cheap prices of provisions, high religious exciteits as usual, by no means. Law to which he answers, as usual, by no means. Law

remove it, it will soon be past cure.

7. When subscribers remove, let us know immediately—therwise, their papers will continue to be sent, and to their the prophecies, which therwise, their papers will continue to be sent, and to their the prophecies, which the will be sent, and to their the prophecies of the gospel, and the prophecies, which the prophecies of the gospel, and the prophecies of the gospel, and to their the prophecies of the gospel, and the prophecies of the gospel of the gospe the prices of some articles at this time, with their would be very difficult to accomplish, and at the

5, the motions of sin which were by the law; or, law is holy, and the commandment is holy, just and good. Verse 12. Thus he writes in vindication of the law; and yet at the same time shows, 1. That and remote branches, verse 7. 2. That it gives sin a 6. No subscription for a less time than six months. deadly force, subjecting every transgression to the penalty of death,-verses 8-14. And yet, 3.-

and take an active part in aiding us to carry them out. We shall be sorry to part with one of our 1. It cannot be sustained any considerable length we will place it to your credit for the semi-monthly we will place it to your credit for the semi-monthly 11th verse, to be wrong; the comma should be after occasion, and not after commandment. But

> imputed unto death, where there is no statute, by which such a fault is made a capital offence.

Dr. Taylor thinks that choris nomou, "without Those who have paid only in part for another vol- the law," means the time before the giving of the what you can to retain all present subscribers, and If neither of these ways are feasible, then what ume, are requested to remit enough to make law from mount Sinai, which took in the space of obtain many new ones. Let the work now begin, can be done to remove the evil and still continue the full price of the whole volume, as we desire to 430 years, during which time the people were under and be pushed forward with a zeal worthy of the the publication of the Expositor? We freely and so arrange our accounts as soon as possible, as to the Abrahamic covenant of grace, and without the ood cause in which we are engaged.

swer, it must be published on an enlarged and better sheet, semi-monthly in pamphlet form at two

we intend to guard the Expositor in future more

ter sheet, semi-monthly in pamphlet form at two

ment or middle of the volume of the paper. what A, B, rich variety of well digested Bible truth, propheti- ber on this subject by the termination of this vol- was not re-enacted till it was given by Moses, chap. sufficient rule of faith, then we have no such rule, to our own and other communications designed for especially at its commencement. Lay the matter in law. Thus sin, the sting of death, received force

together. But we need not comment thus; for the not unfrequently necessarily filled with matter has- present number of subscribers, but to greatly infort, and we intend, by his grace, to teach it, without contradiction, more faithfully than we have ever done before.

We call on all who love that word to aid us in the good work.

Unless brethren make a spe
the good work.

Unless brethren make a spe
to teach it, with
tion.

Shows the paper well secured by a neatly printed cover, it will be not as liable to become worn or soiled by use, as an unprotected open sheet, and hesides it is in a far better condition for kind.

mind, is the desire to do, or to be, what is contrary also to make wretched. Every sinner is not only to the holiness and authority of GOD.

according to Dr. Taylor's hypothesis, the time pre- body and mind, by the influence and the effects of

vious to the giving of the law. See before. sin. He lives a dying life, or a living death. Verse 9. 1 was alive without the law once | Dr. | Verse 12. Wherefore the law is holy | As if he God; and while the contemplation of it must be | But, in considering who this person is, it may be Whitby paraphrases the text thus: "For the seed had said, to sooth his countrymen, to whom he had interesting, and we trust not without its practical well to mention some reasons why we conceive he of Abraham was alive without the law once, before been showing the absolute insufficiency of the law, use, since it is contained in a portion of that Word is not the same individual as that Gog of whom we the law was given, I being not obnoxious to death either to justify or save from sin: I do not intimate which "is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for read in Rev. xx. 8. for that to which the law had not threatened death: that there is anything improper or imperfect in the correction, for instruction in righteousness: that 1. Because this person, of whom our text speaks. but when the commandment came, forbidding it un- law as a rule of life: it prescribes what is holy. just, der that penalty, sin revired, and I died; i. e. it got and good for it comes from a holy, just and good strength to draw me to sin, and to condemn me to God. The LAW which is to regulate the whole of death. Sin is, in Scripture represented as an ene- the outward conduct is holy, and the command- from the fact, on the one hand, that the subject tinctly stated, in verse 22, - From that day" (evimy that seeks our ruin and destruction; and takes MENT, Thou shalt not covet, which is to regulate here brought before us is future; and, on the other dently referring to the time of Gog's destruction). all occasions to effect it. It is here said to war the heart, is not less so. All is excellent and pure; hand, that though future, it may be very near; and "and forward shall the house of Israel know that I against the mind, ver. 23, elsewhere to war against but it neither pardons sin, nor purifies the heart; the soul, 1 Peter ii. 11, to surround and beset us, and it is because it is holy, just, and good, that it Heb. xii. 1, to bring us into bondage and subjection, condemns transgressors to death .- Dr. Clark. and get the dominion over us, Rom, vi. 12, to entice us, and so to work our death, James i. 15, 16, and to do all that Satan, the grand enemy of mankind, We call the attention of our readers to the amongst other reasons, from their being so essendoth by tempting us to the commission of it.— new post office law, which goes into effect on the tially dissimilar to any previous history of the Gog, and they shall be to me a people: and they Whence Chrysostom, upon those words, Heb. xii. 1st of April. Remember that on and after that Lord's people. The result of all prior attacks upon shall not teach every man his neighbor, saying,— 4. Ye have not yet resisted unto blood,—pros date letters will not be forwarded in the mails un Jerusalem has been very different; their enemies, Know the Lord: for all shall know me, from the teen amartian antagonizomenoi,—striving against less they are PRE-PAID. Persons writing on busin: represents sin as an armed and flagrant ad-siness of their own, and wishing an answer, should ous, and carried them off as captives; whereas unrighteousness, and their sins and their iniquities versary. When, therefore, it finds a law which enclose a postage stamp in such letters.

the apostle seems to say, Gal. iii. 19, "the law was

added because of transgressions, to convince us of

the wrath and punishment due to them; and that

Verse 10. And the commandment | Meaning the

in loco.

threatens death to the violator of it; it takes occa- "THE NEW POSTAGE LAW.—Every person being sion thence, more earnestly, to tempt and allure to interested in the amended act of March 3, 1855, in the violation of it: that so it may more effectually subject us to death and condemnation on that acsubject us to death and condemnation on that acnot be unacceptable. Under this law, all single left hand and will cause thine arrows to fall out of at the end of that time, as we read in verses 7, 8, of their enemies, as it is distinctly stated in Ezek. as the person predicted in the amended act of reaction, the provisions will of God, is to come up "against the beloved City," of God, is to come up "against the beloved City," as the person predicted in the amended act of reaction, count; 'for the sting of death is sin, and the letters mailed for any distance not exceeding three strength of sin is the law, condemning us to death three thousand miles are to pay three cents, and thy right hand. Thou shalt fall upon the mounth that chapter: "And when the thousand years are exfor transgressing it. Thus, when God had forbid for any distance exceeding three thousand miles tains of Israel, thou, and all thy bands, and the pired, Satan shall be loosed out of his prison, and den, on pain of death, the eating the fruit of the ten cents. Half an ounce in weight will constitute people that is with thee: I will give thee unto the shall go out to deceive the nations which are in the tree of knowledge, Satan thence took occasion to a single letter; and double, treble, and quadruple tempt our first parents to transgress, and so slew letters to be charged in the same proportion. All the field to be devoured. Thou shalt fall upon the them together to battle: the number of whom is as them; or made them subject to death: excepateese, letters must be prepaid, except such as are to or open field: for I have spoken it, saith the Lord the sand of the sea." he deceived them, Gen. iii. 13; 1 Tim. ii. 14, which from a foreign country, or those addressed to offiis the word used verse 11. The phrase without cers of the Government on official business. The the law, sin was dead, means that sin was then, law is to take effect from and after the next fiscal be very near at hand. I will only mention THREE time of the Lord's descent to the earth. It is "in (before the law was given,) comparatively dead, as to its power of condemning to death; and this masters are to affix stamps upon all prepaid letters sense the antithesis requires 'without the law; masters are to amy stamps upon an prepara letters upon which none are placed by the writers. A re amartia nexra ego de ezon,-sin was dead, but I was living; but when the commandment came, (i. upon the payment of a fee of five cents in addition e. the law,) sin revived, and I died.' How were to the prepaid postage, but the Government will men living before the law, but because then, no law not be responsible for the loss of any registered letcondemned them? Sin, therefore, must be then ter or packet. The franking privilege is to remain dead, as to its condemning power. How did they as heretofore. Selling postage stamps for a larger die when the law came, but by the law condemning sum than their marked value to be punished as a sum than the them to death; Sin, therefore, revived then, as to misdemeanor." its power of condemning, which it received first from the sin of Adam, which brought death into OUR NEXT CONFERENCE. the world; and next, from the 'law of Moses, which

(To be Continued.)

When and where shall it be held? In referentered that the offence might abound,' and reign more unto death. Chap. v. 20, 21. For though sin ence to it Bro. C. F. Sweet, under date, Ulster, was in the world from Adam to Moses; or, until Pa., March 14, 1855, writes:- "Shall we not the law was given; yet it was not imputed unto have a conference this spring?—Say the last of death, when there was no law that did threaten May? If so, where shall it be held? Let this death;' so that death reigned from that interval. matter be talked in due season. Can it be held by virtue of Adam's sin alone; even over them who had not sinned after the similitude of Adam's transgression; i. e. against a positive law, forbidding it under the penalty of death; which law being delivas the last of May or the first of June." Will ered by Moses, sin revived; i. e. it had again its others freely express their minds on this subject, force to condemn men as before, to death, by virtue that we shall be enabled to make an early apof a law which threatened death. And in this sense pointment for our conference.

## "A TRACT FOR THE TIMES,"

Is the title of a valuable tract of 24 pages, just the law, therefore worketh wrath, because 'where re-published in Halifax, N. S., which was originally no law is, there is no transgression,"—Rom. iv. 25, subjecting us to wrath; or, no such sense of the divine wrath, as where a plain divine law, threatening make the following extract from the work.—Ep. death and condemnation, is violated.' See Whitby, THE LAST CONFEDERACY OF GENTILES AGAINST ISRAEL.

rule of righteeusness teaching those statutes which, unto Gog, Thus saith the Lord God: In that if a man do, he shall live in them, Lev. xviii. 5. I day when my people of Israel dwelleth safely, found, by transgressing it, to be unto death; for it shalt thou not know it? And thou shalt come only presented the duty, and laid down the penalty, from thy place out of the north parts, thou, and only presented the any strength to resist sin, or sub-without affording any strength to resist sin, or sub-horses, a great company, and a mighty army: due evil propensities.

Verse 11. Sin, taking occasion] Sin deriving Israel, as a cloud to cover the land; it shall be in strength from the law, threatening death to the the latter days, and I will bring thee against transgressor. (see the note on verse 8) deceived me, my land, that the heathen may know me, when drew me aside to disobedience, promising me grati- I shall be sanctified in thee, O Gog, before their fication, honor, independence, &c., as it promised to eyes. Thus saith the Lord God, art thou he of Eve; for to her history the apostle evidently alludes, whom I have spoken in old times by my servants and uses the very same expression, deceived me,— the prophets of Israel? which prophesied in those exceptleese me, See the preceding note; and see days many years that I would bring thee against them. And it shall come to pass at the same said to come out of the north; and in chap. xxxix. "I will cause thee to come up from the north parts, time septuagine, den. in. 15.

And by it siew me.] Subjected me to that death which the law denounced against transgressors; which the law denounced against transgressors; and rendered me miserable during the course of life come up in my face. . . and I will rain upon to scholars that the rendered me miserable during the course of life lime and seven him to the law denounced by the rows to fall out of thy right hand. Thou shall fall rows to fall out of thy right hand. Thou shall fall rows to fall out of thy right hand. and rendered me miserable during the course of the him, and upon his bands, and upon the many upon the mountains of Israel, thou and all thy bands, same associates; the Libyans and Ethiopians, as

exposed to death, because he has sinned, and must. Ezek. xxxviii. 14-18, 22.

cial reference to the Jews, the ancient people of federacy against Israel of which our text speaks. the man of God may be perfect, thoroughly furnish- is to head this confederacy against the Jews, preed unto all good works;" (2 Tim. iii. 16, 17;) yet vious to their true conversion; as appears from we conceive that peculiar interest may be felt in it, the conclusion of chapter xxxix, where it is disstill more when we consider, that as believers in am the Lord their God." Consequently, this conthe Lord Jesus, the consummation of our hopes, the federacy must be before the Millenial period, during completeness of our salvation, the fullness of our which time the Jews are to experience the fulfiljoy are intimately connected with it. That the ment of the gracious covenant, the terms of which success of this confederacy, it results in the over- fore, the person addressed in the text must head

gistration of valuable letters is required to be made yea, the set time, is come to favor Zion, for the those nations as when he fought in the day of batpeople of God think upon her stones and favor the tle," and 'his feet shall stand upon the mount of dust thereof. Ps. cii. 13, 14.

Rev. xvi. 12, "that the way of the kings of the personal reign on the earth for a thousand years, precede the events to which our text refers), ap- already referred. Rev. xx. 7, 8. pears to be going on.

hath spoken it. And it shall be said in that day, and different persons.

law in general; which was ordained to life; the "Therefore, son of man, prophesy and say I. THE PERSON ADDRESSED. TIME TO WHICH THIS ADDRESS REFERS.

III. THE SUBSTANCE OF THE ADDRESS ITSELF. FERRED TO, AND ITS FINAL ISSUE.

## 1. THE PERSON ADDRESSED.

The prophet is commissioned to speak unto Gog, points -: who is described in the former part of the chapter 1. As to the place, to which they are both to

signify irregular and unholy desires. Sin, in the apokteinein, signifies not only to slay or kill, but people that are with him, anoverflowing rain, and the people that is with thee." And again, in and great hailstones, fire, and brimstone." - the eleventh verse, it is said, in reference to this same person, "there shall they bury Gog and all For, without the law, sin was dead-This means, sooner or later die; but he is miserable in both It must be evident to all, at first sight, that the his multitude.' It appears, then, that Gog is some subject brought before us in these words has a spe- person who is to be the head and leader of this con-

events here described are future, seems evident, run thus: "I will put my laws into their mind, and here, whatever may be the temporary and partial will I remember no more." Jer. xxx. 31, 34. Therethrow, and destruction on the mountains of Israel, the confederacy before the Millenial period, whereof their enemies, as it is distinctly stated in Ezek. as the person predicted in Rev. xx., under the name left hand, and will cause thine arrows to fall out of at the end of that time, as we read in verses 7, 8, of ravenous birds of every sort, and to the beasts of four quarters of the earth, Gog, and Magog, to ga-

2. Again, the person here spoken of is to come But further, that the events here predicted may up against the people of Israel, before, or at the asons, out of many others, that might be adduced. that day," (as the prophet Zechariah states it), 1st. The general interest that is now excited res- when all nations shall be gathered against Jerusa-

Olives." Zech. xix. 3, 4. 2dly. The wasting of the Turkish empire, or the But, on the other hand, the assault against Jerudrying up of the Euphrates, as it is described in salem spoken of in Rev. xx. is not till after Christ's

3. Again, there is also a difference in the manner 3dly. The drawing to a close of that period at of their destruction; the one in Revelation is spohe termination of which the prophet Daniel dis- ken of as destroyed simply by fire; for we read: tinctly states, that "the sanctuary shall be cleansed," "And they went up on the breadth of the earth, also indicates its near approach. Dan, viii. 13, 14. and compassed the camp of the saints about, and But, once more, the subject before us may well the beloved city; and fire came down from God out call forth our interest as believers in Christ; since of heaven, and devoured them." Rev. xx. 9. Wherethe great events for which we are looking,-viz as other instrumentality is employed in the destructhe Second Appearing of the Lord Jesus,—the re- tion of the army here described. In the 21st verse surrection of "the dead in Christ,"—the change of of this chapter, Ezek. xxxviii., the Lord says:—"I living believers,—are in Scripture so closely con- will call for a sword against him throughout all my nected with the return of the Jews to their own mountains, saith the Lord God: every man's sword and. As, for instance, Isaiah xxv. 7-9: "And he shall be against his brother, And I will plead will destroy in this mountain the face of the cover- against him with pestilence, and with blood: and I ing cast over all people, and the veil that is spread will rain upon him, and upon his bands, and upon over all nations. He will swallow up death in vic- the many people that are with him, an overflowing tory; and the Lord God will wipe away tears from rain, and great hailstones, fire and brimstone." I off all faces; and the rebuke of his people shall be conclude, therefore, that whatever similarity there taken away from off all the earth: for the Lord may be between these two leaders, they are distinct

Lo, this is our God; we have waited for him, and Who, then, are we to understand by the person he will save us: this is the Lord: we have waited addressed in our text? On such a subject it would for him, we will be glad and rejoice in his salvation." seem that the most that anybody can prove at pre-\* \* \* \* \* \* sent, rises only to a probability, and falls short of In entering upon the consideration of the subject any degree of certainty, as to who this person is,some light may be thrown on this subject, for both II. THE STATE AND CONDITION OF ISRAEL AT THE the person and the confederacy here described, are elsewhere spoken of under different terms.

1. I conceive the Gog here addressed is the same IV. THE RESULT OF THE CONFEDERACY HERE RE- person as that foretold by Daniel as the "king that shall do according to his will." The similarity in the description of the two, is striking in these three

as "the chief prince of Meshech and Tubal." I concome; in Daniel xi. 41, 45. it is said, "He shall enceive (that although the expression may also in- ter into the glorious land," the land of Israel, "and clude the description of a power), that some person he shall plant the tabernacles of his palace between is here intended; for the actions and the end of a the seas in the glorious holy mountain," Mount person are here assigned to him. In verse 15, he is Zion. And it is stated of Gog and his confederates,

we see by comparing Ezek. xxxviii. 5, and Dan. xi- described in the eleventh and twelfth verses,

end in a similar manner. Of the one, in Daniel it bars nor gates," inhabiting "unwalled villages." is said, On the glorious holy mountain he shall come to his end, 2 Dan. xi. 45; and in Ezekiel, that "he shall fall upon the mountains of Israel."

addressed is the same with the Assyrian, described land of Israel. in Isaiah x, and xiv, chapters; for though following 3. But though thus restored and dwelling conhis own devices, and expecting complete success, he fidently, it appears they are not converted. For, is to be brought against the people dwelling in Zion, first, they still sin against God, by disregarding for their punishment, which being accomplished, he him. Of this the Lord speaks afterwards in will there be destroyed by the Lord.

described, and "THE MAN OF SIN," spoken of by Lord's mercy is manifested to the whole house of the apostle in 2 Thess. ii. 8, are the same. Both Israel, and his spirit poured out upon them, as are said to be destroyed by the Lord at his com- appears from Ezek. xxxix. 25-29: "Therefore,

seems also to be described in the third chapter whole house of Israel, and will be jealous for my Jerusalem, which he there relates, takes place, as this does, at the restoration of the Jews, and have trespassed against me, when they dwelt have trespassed against me, when they dwelt days and in that time, when I shall bring again
the captivity of Judah and Jerusalem, I will allands, and am sanctified in them in the sight of so gather all nations, and will bring them down many nations; then shall they know that I am into the valley of Jehosaphat, and will plead with the Lord their God, which caused them to be led Israel, whom they have scattered among the nations, and parted my land." The conclusion of which is described in the fourteenth and followwhich is described in the fourteenth and fol ing verses: "The Lord also shall roar out of poured out my Spirit upon the house of Israel, Zion, and utter his voice from Jerusalem; and the heavens and the earth shall shake: but the saith the Lord God." Lord shall be the hope of his people, and the same confederacy as the one before us is evidentstrength of the children of Israel. So shall ye know that I am the Lord your God dwelling in come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in that day, that I will seek to describe the come to pass in the come to pass Zion, my holy mountain: then shall Jerusalem troy all the nations that come against Jerusalem. be holy, and there shall no stranger pass through And I will pour upon the house of David, and her any more."

5. Once more. I conceive that the assault 5. Once more, I conceive that the assault grace and supplication: and they shall look upon against Jerusalem here referred to in our text, me whom they have pierced, and they shall mourn me whom they have pierced, and they shall mourn is the same as that described by St. John in for him, as one mourneth for his only son, and Rev. xvi. the conclusion of which we have in shall be in bitterness for him, as one that is in chapter xix. There is much similarity between bitterness for his first-born." the two, in the manner in which the Lord fights And, thirdly, that this restoration is prior to Compare Ezekiel xxxviii. 18-20; xxxix. 17- there be punished. See Ezekiel xxii. 20; Zech. xiv. 3, and Rev. xix. 11-28.

I conclude, then, that THE PERSON addressed in our text is not the same as the one mentioned in Rev. xx. 8; but that he is the same with the WILFUL KING mentioned by Daniel; with the Assyrian described by the prophet Isaiah; and with the Man of Sin spoken of by the apostle; addressed to "The Christian Jews" in the United and that this confederacy and attack upon Israel, States, was issued in New York by Morris J. are the same with that described by the prophet Franklin, John C. Jacobi and G. R. Lederer, cal-Joel, and with the battle of Armageddon pre- ling a convention in that city in May next. Redicted by St. John, in Rev. 16th and 19th chap. ferring to this, a correspondent remarks as fol-

serve, that there seems a very general opinion vention promises to be one of the most interesting that Gog denotes some Russian Prince. The and important movements which have taken place Septuagint is thought to favor this idea; since among the Jews in this country for many years. it might be rendered the Prince of Rush (in- A prominent matter to be brought before the stead of the chief prince of Meshech,) and Me- convention, is the consideration of the subject of shech and Tubal are supposed to correspond the return of the Jewish people to Palestine, and ence to the reigning power in Russia, since he is England (who have already moved in the matter designated the Prince of Rush, or Russia, Mos. and other parts of the Eastern world. Various cow and Tobolsk.

which we propose to consider.

ISRAEL, AT THE TIME TO WHICH THIS PROPHECY REFERS.

are said to be dwelling there in peace and safety. much interest. This is spoken of in Ezek. xxxviii. 8: " After many days thou (Gog) shalt be visited: in the latter years thou shalt come into the land that is brought back from the sword, and is gathered out of many people, against the mountains of poetry and rhyming are too defective for publica-Israel which have been always waste: but it is tion. brought forth out of the nations, and they shall dwell safely all of them." Their state is also

R. W. Williams.—The evidence is so clear that it would be superfluous to dwell safely all of them." Their state is also

R. W. Williams.—The evidence is so clear that it would be superfluous to follow; I mean eternity; and the least neglect trine that man has an immortal soul capable of

where they are said to be "at rest," dwelling 3. Further, they are both said to come to their safely and without walls, and "having neither gold, cattle and goods;" and it is for the purpose 2. Again, it seems probable that the person here of taking a "great spoil," that Gog invades the

Ezek, xxxix, 26. And, secondly, it is not till 3. Again, it seems probable the person here the destruction of this confederate army that the thus saith the Lord God; now will I bring again 4. The same event of which our text speaks, the captivity of Jacob, and have mercy upon the of the prophet Joel, for the confederacy against holy name; after that they have borne their immediately previous to their conversion, as we safely in their land, and none made them afraid. read in verses 1 and 2, "For, behold, in those When I have brought them again from the peothem there for my people and for my heritage into captivity among the heathen: but I have

upon the inhabitants of Jerusalem, the Spirit of

for his people. In both accounts he is said to their conversion, seems also evident from this send great hailstones on their enemies, and to fact, that one purpose for which they are thus terminate the conflict by his personal presence. collected in their own land is, that they may

(Concluded next week.)

MEETING OF THE CHRISTIANIZED JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Near the close of December last, a circular

But before leaving this point, I will just ob- "We understand that the contemplated con with the present titles that are used with refer- to take measures to co-operate with Jews in developments in the East give promise of consid-We must, however, pass on to the second point shich we propose to consider the return of 'Israel and Judah' to their 'own II. THE STATE AND CONDITION OF land, any movement pertaining to the same must be of great interest to the christian world. We look forward to the meeting of the first Jewish 1. They are restored to their own land, and convention ever held in the United States, with

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

W. H. ROGERS-The sentiment is good, but the

To the Saints Scattered Abroad.

are the influences that are, as the fowler's snare, rable on account of the greatness of their crimes, calculated to entrap us in every unguarded mo- who deliberately and wilfully have committed we must enter the kingdom! Arm yourselves, hurls them into tortures from whence they never then, with the mind that was in the Savior, and depart. But those who are found of crimes great faith, and lay hold on eternal life. Be careful father or mother, and killed some one in a like with regard to the weapons you use, and let pafind yourselves in trying circumstances, no doubt; last, but for a time only, till by their prayers and for according to thy day, so shall thy strength be. passed through life with peculiar sanctity of manus all awake, and give the Lord no rest, until he gion, which they inhabit, and if philosophy has his people from the power of the enemy. Then, bodies through all eternity, in a series of joys if faithful, we shall be permitted to sing the song and delights which it is not easy to describe, and ing clad in white robes, we shall by the Savior me to explain more at large." be introduced into the presence of God and the Socrates' sincerity cannot be doubted, in view society of the angels, and be made kings and of these remarks, with the cup of deadly poison priests to reign over the nations. Then, my be- in his hand. We will now give his last exhortaloved and Christian brethren and sisters, having tion on his creed. these prospects before you, do you ever adhere "What I have said will suffice, I conceive, to with firm and inflexible steadiness to your Chris- prove that we ought to endeavor strenuously tian profession, and aim at continual advance- throughout our whole lives to acquire virtue and ment in truth, from a full persuasion that your wisdom, for you see how great a reward and high virtuous labors, under the gospel dispensation, a hope are proposed to us; and though the im-

scribe myself, Your brother in tribulation, Ulster, Pa., March 7, 1855. C. F. SWEET.

Immortal-Soulism.

BY J. WILSON.

Christ's gospel, ventured to improve on Pytha- human bodies, a life almost divine." goras' sentiment, and taught the youth of the I feel deep sympathy for those who are in and at Athens that every man had an immortal blindness in the doctrine of immortal-soulism, as soul. This he did for twenty years, and was ar- I was for forty-seven years. I preached it rested at Athens, and executed with the poison thirty-seven years, and I now know it hid the of hemlock, at the age of seventy years, for his truth of the gospel from my mind; therefore, [Rochester Daily Advertiser, -March 19. new doctine. While holding the cup of deadly wishing that others might not suffer by it as long poison in his hand, he gives us his creed. See as I did, I publish these extracts, the sentiment Rollin, vol. 1, p. 393. This was 3603 A. M., of which is the common theology of our day, and and 401 B. C. Holding the cup, he says, "My friends, there is one thing very just to believe, and this is it: If the soul be immortal, it requires immortal-soulism, which no man ever had before to be cultivated with attention, not only for what his day. See Rollin's History, vol. 1, p. 393.

in this point may be attended with endless con-DEAR BRETHREN AND SISTERS:—It has been of being, the wicked would be great gainers by sequences. If death were the final dissolution with much pleasure that I have had the privilege it, as being delivered at once from their bodies, for some time past of associating with you at your their souls, and their vices. But as the soul is several places of worship, and also in the domes- immortal, it has no other means of being freed tic circle. I cannot call to mind those friendly from its evils, nor any safety for itself, but in begreetings and expressions of love, and proofs of ing very good and very prudent, for it carries vour heartfelt sympathy, (not only in my well- nothing away with it but its good or bad deeds being, but also in the cause of truth, for which its virtues or vices, which are commonly the con-I have been contending, and still am determined sequences of the education it has received, and to contend,) without deep feelings of gratitude to the cause of eternal happiness or misery. When him who doeth all things well, that by his grace the dead arrive at the fatal rendezvous of departthere are a few in these perilous times who are ed souls, whither their demon conducts them, bound to endure to the end, and gain the king- they are all judged. Those who have passed dom and life everlasting. As I expect to be laid their lives in a manner neither entirely criminal aside for the present at least, and therefore shall nor absolutely innocent, are sent into a place not be able to see you as often as heretofore, you where their pains are proportioned to their faults, will now suffer a word of exhortation from one until, being purged and cleansed of their guilt, who feels the most tender emotions of love and and afterwards restored to liberty, they receive the reward of the good actions they have done We are living truly in perilous times: many in the body. Those who are judged to be incu-O, how watchful ought we then to be, sacrilege and murders, and other great offences, ng that it is through much tribulation that the fatal destiny that passes judgment upon them cheerfully bear the cross after him. Do not give indeed, but worthy of pardon, who have commitplace to the enemy, but fight the good fight of ted violence in the transport of rage against their tience have her perfect work. You will often same punishment and in the same place with the but then do as the Savior directed: pray, lest supplications they have obtained pardon from ye enter into temptation, and aid will be given; those they have injured. But those who have O, how much we lose of religious enjoyment ners, delivered from their earthly abodes as from by lack of watchfulness and humble prayer! Let a prison, they are received on high, in a pure remake Jerusalem a praise in the earth, and deliver sufficiently purified them, they live without their of redemption "in the heights of Zion," and be- which the shortness of my time will not permit

will be finally recompensed with a glorious re- mortality of the soul were dubious, instead of apward. Hoping to hear from you often, I sub- pearing a certainty as it does, every wise man ought to assure himself that it is well worth his trouble to risk his belief of it in this manner; and indeed can there be a more glorious hazard? We ought to enchant ourselves with this blessed hope. For this reason I have lengthened this discourse so much"

Cicero confirms the above testimony. Rollin Immortal-soulism commenced in Egypt. Says says, "He expresses these noble sentiments of Rollin, in his Ancient History, volume 1, page Socrates with his usual delicacy. Almost at the 52. without date, "It is to Egypt that Pythago- very moment that he held the deadly draught in ras owed his favorite doctrine of transmigration his hand, he talked in such a manner as showed souls. The Egyptians believed that at the that death was not a violence done to him, but a death of men their souls transmigrated into other means bestowed upon him of ascending to heaven. human bodies; and that if they had been vicious, He declared, that upon departing out of this life, they were imprisoned in the bodies of unclean or two ways are onen to us: the one leads to the ill-conditioned beasts, to expiate in them their place of eternal misery for such souls as have sulpast transgressions, and that after a revolution of lied themselves here below in shameful pleasures some centuries, they again inhabit human bo- and criminal actions. The other conducts those dies." Socrates, who was born at Athens about to the happy mansions of the gods who have re-3,533 years after the creation, and 471 before tained their purity upon earth, and have led, in

soulism, to get the good man's soul into eternal happiness, and the wicked man's soul into eterhappiness, and the wicked man's soul into eterin all them that believe, because our testimony among you was believed in that day." 2 Thess.
if or to get the good man's soul into eternal among you was believed in that day." 2 Thess.
if or to get the good man's soul into eternal among you was believed in that day." 2 Thess.
if or to get the good man's soul into eternal among you was believed in that day." 2 Thess.
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if or to get the good man's soul into eternal among you was believed in that day." 2 Thess.
if or to get the good man's soul into eternal among you was believed in that day." 2 Thess. Hence, the bodies of both the righteous and the Gerry, N. Y wicked are annihilated and lost forever. Neither of them have found for the body a happy paradise nor a burning hell.

We will next take the improvement of this same doctrine by the Pope of Rome, about one thousand years after the death of Socrates, and see what he has done with it. Four hundred and seventy-one years from the death of Socrates to the gospel of Christ, and five hundred and thirty-eight to the Pope, make about one thousand differing materially from the sentiment taught by the law of Moses, but almost universally by the heathen. Their immortal-soulism was what Paul had to contend with at Athers. The charge against Paul then was, "He is a setter forth of Jesus and the resurrection." Acts xvii. Hence the mythology of Socrates was more in agreement with Catholicism, than Paul's faith of Jesus and day, were he here, would have cause for dispute, as he and the Athenians had. For they violate the doctrines of the Bible, and murder plain language and common sense, as the following will show in reference to three terms frequently used by Paul on the end of the wicked.

1. "Perish," Webster says, is "to die, to lose life in any manner." Yet he says, "in theology it means to be eternally tormented."

2. "Death is that state of being in which there is a total and permanent cessation of all the vital actions, when the organs have not only ceased to act, but have lost the susceptibility of renewed action." Yet he says, "in theology it means perpetual separation from God, and eternal toreternal life!

3. "Destroy, or destruction, is annihilation repeated five times in his definition of the word He also says, " it is the same as perdition of ungodly men, as in 2 Pet. iii. 7. It is applied in finally impeninent."

Now, I think, to maintain a creed at the exlanguage and common sense, must cost more than

Any one who maintains eternal torments for immortal; and if immortal, according to the Bible, they are as happy as any saint in heaven: I expect aid. for in Rev. xxi. 4, we have a description of those who have put on immortaility; they can have no pain, sorrow or death. It also places them out of the reach of the penalty of God's law, which is the second death. There is no such term in the Bible as immortalities, in the plural, one kind 1855, writes :- The cause of truth makes but lit for the saint, and one for the sinner. All who the advancement in this place, from the fact that shall possess it will be equally happy. The pro- I stand alone against a host of opposition on all mise of God to the righteous is eternal life, and sides; yet I am not discouraged, and I am glad system more contradictory to the Bible than this. Christ. I believe you have the truth on that It began in the Garden of Eden, "thou shalt not question. I like the Expositor, and hope you surely die." Its branches are like the root. In will be able to sustain it, as long as needed. Egypt, it was transmigration, "thoushalt not sure- Bro. S. Wing, Detroit, Ill., Feb. 6, 1855, ly die." In Athens it was, "thou shalt not surely writes :- The Expositor is to us a welcome vis-

" For they shall be punished with everlasting de- God.

living when the man or body is dead, and that struction from the presence of the Lord, and human philosophy, by Pythagoras and Socrates, from the glory of his power, when he shall come March 14, 1855, writes:--My health is about the have invented a way through or by immortal- to be glorified in his saints, and to be admired same as when I last wrote you. I send my sec-

CORRESPONDENCE

FROM BRO. C. F. SWEET.

BRO. MARSH:-I regret that necessity compels my withdrawal from the field as an evangelist, but I must yield to circumstances. In my own, and also in many of my brethren's judgment, to continue to travel as I have for some vears. Socrates was one of the best men that danger my life. I am quite sure that to contime past, will prostrate my health, and en-Pagan Greece ever raised, although an idolater, tinue to preach constantly, as I have for some time past, will be to seat consumption on myself. I have had a heavy cough all winter, or nearly so, and of late it is increasing, and a pain is seated in my side for some two weeks past, that if not removed will disqualify me for my business. strange gods, because he preached unto them But I have hope, that by ceasing speaking, I shall soon get the pain in my side removed. But it has been quite hard and constant this week.

I shall still try to preach occasionally, as I am the resurrection. Paul and the churches of this able. I shall try to visit Lodersville and Carbondale this spring, and perhaps may go north after a little, but I shall turn my attention for the present to farming on a small scale, as I think that will be for my health.

For the information of all, I will here give a statement of my receipts for the last eight months. From July 5, 1854, to March 5, 1855, my whole receipts of friends on the ground occupied, is \$145 50; from the deacons of the church at Rochester, \$24 00; making in all \$169 50.

It was thought and talked at the Rochester conference, that if I traveled and paid my own expenses, I ought to receive four hundred dollars a year. Experience has since taught me ments!" And we add, which cannot be without that that estimate, in these hard times, is not extravagant. We have lived more sparingly than we ever have before, but find ourselves in debt some eighty dollars for things we needed the past season. Now, two-thirds of \$400 00 would be \$266 66; subtract \$169 50 from \$266 66, and the Bible sixteen times by Bible writers, to the it leaves \$97 16. Now, if I had that amount, I could pay up my debts contracted last season, and meet this coming spring with composure; pense of violating Bible doctrine, and murdering body, I do not know what I shall do, for there is a cloud looms up before me when I think in that direction. I do not pretend to hold any legal claim on any one, but a gospel claim on all conthe punishment of the wicked, must make them cerned. Do as you would be done by: love thy neighbor as thyself. Upon this principle only do C. F. SWEET.

Ulster, Pa., March 7, 1855.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.

BRO. H. W. HUDSON, Homer, Mich., March 4 if the wicked live as long as the righteous, they to see you stand firmly for the truth on all subwill have eternal life also. Never did I trace a jects, but particularly on the pre-existence of \$3,36. Thank you.

die." In Rome it is, "thou shalt not surely die." itor. Much has transpired in our little society, In the Protestant churches it is, "thou shalt not calculated to cause strife and division, by our surely die." And in all the vain philosophy of leaders and teachers; and would most likely have the day it is, "thou shalt not surely die!" had that disastrous effect, had it not been for the Christ, in John iii. 44, fathers this first lie on influence of the Expositor. In the midst of our the devil. God told Adam, that if he did eat of difficulties and opposite teachings, the weekly the tree of knowledge, he should "surely due." visits of the Expositor, with its steadfast advo-The truth of which is confirmed, as surely as cacy of the truth, as taught by the primitive God's record is true, by the following texts.—
"For all the wicked will God destroy." Ps. cxlv.
enabled to stand in the unity of the Spirit, and 20. "For yet a little while, and the wicked continue our regular meetings for worship; and shall not be." Ps. xxxvii. 10. "They shall be though some have gone astray, we remain lookas though they had not been." Obediah 12.- ing for the glorious restitution and kingdom of

Bro. E. R. Pinney, Seneca Falls, N. Y., few moments some of the glories of the kingdom.

I have sometimes thought that our papers contained too few communications on the goodness of God, and the glories of the coming kingdom.

"Comfort ye my people," is a command too much neglected. David said, "All thy works shall praise thee, O Lord, and thy saints shall bless thee. They shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom, and talk of thy power. To make known to the souls of men his mighty acts and the glorious majesty of his kingdom."

Buydau—At the that or the all to the all the three times on the Sabbath, and Wednesday evening.

New York.—Corner of Grand & Elizabeth streets also at Knickerbocker Hall, corner of Eighth Avenue and 23d St., top floor, three times on Sunday.

Williamsburgh—Meetings for Conference or Preaching every Sunday at 3 o'clock, p. m.

Dansville.—Franklin Hall, in S. W. Smith's new block, east side of Main street.

Anburn—House of Prayer, on Water Street; every Sunday.—Prayer meetings Wednesday evening.

Cahandadau.—Atwater Hall, corner of Monawk street., three times on the Sabbath, and Wednesday evening.

New York.—Corner of Grand & Elizabeth streets also at Knickerbocker Hall, corner of Eighth Avenue and 23d St., top floor, three times on Sunday.

Williamsburgh—Meetings for Conference or Preaching every Sunday School at same place at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Dansville.—Franklin Hall, in S. W. Smith's new block, east side of Main street.

Anburn—House of Prayer, on Water Street; every Sunday.—Prayer meetings Wednesday evening.

Cahandadau.—Atwater Hall, corner of Monawk street., three times on Monaw streets, three times on Monaw streets, and Wednesday evening.

New York.—Corner of Grand & Elizabeth streets also at Knickerbocker Hall, corner of Eighth Avenue and 23d St., top floor, three times on Sunday.

Williamsburgh—Meetings for Conference or Preaching every Sunday, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

Dansville.—Franklin Hall, in S. W. Smith's new block, east side of Main street.

Anburn —House of Prayer, on Water Street; every Sunday or The Main streets.

#### PATENT AGENCY.

Inventors are respectfully informed that they nay save the expense of a journey to Washington, and yet have their drawings and papers prepared under their own inspection by applying to John Phin, C. E., Agent for procuring, and selling Pat-ents, No. 16 Buffalo street, Rochester, N. Y.

ine chances to make money in an honorable and

to which he refers. EDITOR. ]

## APPOINTMENTS.

As our paper is made ready for the press on Wednesday, appointments must be received, at the latest by Tuesday evening, or they cannot be inserted till the follow-

L. P. Judson.

Brownsville and Victor as brethren Sunday, April 1

E. Hoyt. Hillsdale, Mich., as Bro. Seymour may appoint.

Quincy, Mich., Tuesday evening, March 27—and remain in vicinity until Friday 30th. South Bend, Ind., Sunday, April 1.

Terra Coupee, Monday and Tuesday evenings. Will
Bro. Redding please meet me at the southirn depot on Mon-Sunday, April 1.

notice, and oblige.

On Wednesday morning, April 4th, I shall start, the Lord willing, for Brown county, Ill. Will the brethren please arrange appointments. Please appoint a Conference of convictors of the conference of convictors.

R. V. Lyon. Sunday, April 1 Mansfield, Axe Factory, (at the house of Bro. S. Abbey,) " 12

# BUSINESS ITEMS.

FL Paine-You have paid ahead: see receipts. bers, when it was discontinued: your remittance brings his credit to whole number 593. You are paid to whole num-

ed. We charge the same to subscribers in the Provinces as to those in the States, which accounts for the difference -Ve charge nothing extra for postage. Have received the pamphlet and will give it a notice. FL Branch-As we prepaid the postage, the balance is

FOR BRO. E. R. PINNEY.

Meetings.

Waterloo.—On the south side of the river, over Watkins' store, on the plank road.

Osuego.—Academy Hall, once in two weeks on Sunday Victor.—Advent Hall, twice on Sunday.

Newark, N. J.—No. 143 Market street

Boston, Mass.—Chapman Hall, Chapman Place, three times on Sunday, and Wednesday evening. Springfield.—Bro. Currier's Hall, Spring street, every

East Boston.—Meridian street Hall work. No. 16 Buffalo street. Rochester, N. Y.

Worcester.—Warren Hall, Pearl street, near Main.

Hartford, Ct.—Odd Fellow's Hall, corner of Main an

Pratt streets, three times on Sunday, statedly.

Books for Sale at this Office.

[From our personal acquaintance with Mr. Phin, and the good repute which he sustains as a man of trust, and competency to discharge the duties of his profession, we commend him to the favorable notice of those who may need his services in the busing the discharge of the duties of the discharge of those who may need his services in the busing the discharge of the disch

The Millenial Harp: a new collection of Scriptural Hymns, original and selected, for Social and Family worship; adapted to the use of all christians. By Joseph Marsh. Price: wholesale—5 copies, \$3,00; ten copies, \$5,00; all higher numbers 47 cents each. Retail—62 1-2 cents each,

Prophetic Chart.—A Prophetical Stream of Time; or, an outline of God's dealings with Man from the creation to the end of all things. By Sir Edward Denny, Bar't. Price \$7,00, including the guide.

The Age to Come: or Glorious Restitution. By J. Marsh
Price 121-2 cents single—\$9,00 per hundred. Weight 20z. A Debate on the State of the Dead, between Rev. Thomas P. Connelly, A. B., an Evangelist of the Christian Church, and Nathaniel Field, M. D., Pastor of the Church of God and Nathanier Field, M. D., Pastor of the Cutter of General meeting at the Christian Tabernacle in the city of Jeffersonville, Indiana. Held at Old Union Meeting House, in the vicinity of Indianapolis, in the summer of 1852. Reported by J. G. Gordon, Esq., Attorney at Law, and Revised by the Parties. Price \$1,00, including postage. The World as it Was, Is, and Will Be. By Mrs. A. Judson. 38 cents single; 31 cents per dozen---weight,

Are the Wicked Immortal? and, Have the Dead Knowledge? By George Storrs. Bound, 25 cents; paper, 15 cents: weight 3 ounces. In sheets, 4 cents. day's first train.

Will Bro. Bugby obtain the Disciple House for me, give

Bible Truth Defender---By W. Sheldon. 20 cents single weight 4 ounces. Liberal reduction by the dozen.

Anatolia: or Russia Triumphant and Europe Chained: De-ing an Exposition of Prophecy, showing the inevitable Fall of the French and Ottoman Empires; the occupation of Egypt and the Holy Land by the British; the forma-tion of a Russian Latino-Greek Confederacy; its inavision and conquest of Egypt, Palestine, and Jerusalem; its destruction on the Mountains of Israel; the long-expected Deliverance of the Jews by the Messiah; his Subjugation of the world thro' their agency, & consequent establishmen of the Kingdom of Israel. By John Thomas, M. D., author of "Elpis Israel." Price 50 cents.

Bible vs. Tradition: in which the True Teaching of the Bible is manifested, the Corruptions of Theologians detected, and the Traditions of Men Exposed. By Aaron Ellis. Revised and much enlarged by Thomas Read. New York: Published at the Office of the Bible Examiner, 140 Fulton street. Price 75 cents per copy, retail; 60 cents wholesale. Weight about 16 ounces.

Windlessale. Weight about 10 oddies.

Who Passmore—Have sent the missing numbers: it is regularly mailed to you here. As the money pays for nineteen, we have sent that number. Thank you.

George Webber—You are owing \$3,00 on Expositor.

Weight a little over16 1-2 ounces. It can be transmitted by mail, under 3000 miles for two cents per ounce.

Death not Life. To which is added a Review of Dr. E. Beecher's "Conflict of Ages." By Jacob Blain. Bound 38 cents single; weight weight 9 ounces: in paper, 25 cents single—weight 5 ounces. Liberal reduction by the dozen.

The Apostolic Ministry: A Discourse delivered in Rochester, N. Y., before the New York Baptist Union, for Ministerial Education, July 12, 1853, by Francis Wayland, President of Brown University. Reviewed, by J. B. Cook. Price \$8,00 per hundred; 12 1-2 cents single. Enture Punishment By H. H. Dobney, Paper 50 cents

Price \$8,00 per hundred; 12 1-2 cents single.

Receipts—L Pasco 606, J C Murphy 608, Thomas Alcott 610, A N Bently 608, J Middlemass 593, Lucy Spore 517, Mrs Cleaver 611, A Bates 591—\$1,00 each.

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## From the Carbondale Transcript. The Narrow Escape.

Elder Literal. Good morning, Deacon Spiritual: when did you return home?

E. A narrow escape! ah, what was it?

started out of the depot, that wicked switch- it should be turned at all. tender turned the switch the wrong way, and sent | D. To be sure, the Word must have a meanthe whole train off on the wrong track; and on ing, or it would be a useless thing. we went, not noticing but all was right, till we came to Deep Gulf, where, you know, as yet Word itself? there is no bridge. This the conductor happened to notice just as we were running right into the itual sense. but with all the extraordinary exertion that could to know its meaning, since we have not the grampossibly be made, the cars were not stopped till mar or lexicon of any spiritual language? the engine had run on to the last half inch of D. If a man has the Spirit of God in him, he the track, which, had it passed, it would have will be able to understand it by that. pulled the whole train down and stove us all to less thing, really; for the wicked know nothing

E. O, amazing! Well, you did narrowly es- by the spirit, and not by the Word itself. cape, sure enough. And what did the conductor D. But it is the duty of the people of God do when the train was finally stopped?

could do; that was, to back the whole train back the written word as with—the written word is again to the depot from which we started, and set not to be taken, but the dictates of the Spirit.— in sin. So, according to your spiritual interpre- and body; and while they are together there is

"Dow's Mill," and soon after, the new meeting- materially among themselves. house. It is strange some of you did not miss D. I always knew you to be quite a literalist: be punished.

did not notice the things particularly. We knew stood only in a spiritual sense. ing on the hill there, and we took it to be the has no meaning but a spiritual one?

you would have met, had you been on the right die."

wrong track?

of us, and as long as none of us knew our danger after; so the death he died the day he eat must we had nothing to fear.

D. I have no objection to sitting down and die. Did they both tell him the truth? resting a few moments, but I do not see much to D. O! no: the serpent lied to him. be learned from it, more than to look out next E. How does it appear that he lied? You time and see that the switch-tender is a good say he did not die literally for more than nine honest man.

E. Well, begin here, then, and talk about an- D. He died spiritually the same day. other switch-tender who has been tending switch nearly six thousand years, and has switched millions off on to the wrong track; and it is to be feared many have never discovered the error till they have been hurled down the awful precipice ciples died.

you so narrowly escaped yesterday.

two tracks, a right and a wrong. They both be- The serpent, then, was certainly right; he told gin at the same depot, the Word of God. If the the man he should not die that day, and you Christian takes the right track and keeps it, he say he did not, but his moral principles did .will meet certain objects that are found nowhere And suppose he did—the serpent did not tell him else, and is sure to get home at last, without dan- they should not. ger of being dashed upon rocks in deep gulfs .- D. But the real man is the immortal soul, But, if he suffers the devil to switch him off, he not the body. This soul is the moral faculties may still run on very pleasantly, substituting the of the creature, the inner man, or man proper; wrong for the right, till the deep gulf swallows this moral sensibility died that day; hence the

im up.

D. Very true; but a Christian, with a Bible death of the man proper.

E. But suppose man has no immortal soul,

r wrong.

E. It would seem so; but that depends on D. But we know he has. whether he is guided and directed by the Bible, E. How do we know? It is not mentioned or by the switch-tender. in the text.

D. I don't understand you. Are not all Christians directed by the Word of God?

E. They should be; but the most of nominal Christians tell us the Bible says so-and-so, but means something very different. This gives Deacon. Yesterday, after suffering a very the switch-tender full power to turn that mean-

E. Certainly; but is not the meaning in the

D. I expect it is, either in a literal or spirvery gulf itself, and he instantly gave the alarm; E. If it is in a spiritual sense, how are we

fallen hundreds of feet upon the rocks below, and E. Then that part which is spiritual is a use-

of its meaning, and the righteous are taught it

to explain that part to the wicked.

D. Do? why, there was but one thing he E. And this they could do as well without Besides, this lays the sinner under the necessity E. That was right: but I wonder some of of having the spirit of inspiration in him, to enyou had not noticed the mistake before; for you able him to determine who has the true spirit of nest,) thou shalt keep on sinning, or be dead in E. Well, God spake to the living Adam know, on the right track you go but a little way interpretation, and who has not; for those who sin. Now, nothing is more certain than that be-having soul and body together; and "surely die" before you come to "Grove Village," and then talk of the spiritual meaning of the word, differ ing dead in sin, or spiritual death, is not a pun-

but you may present all the difficulties you please D. O! we all thought we were right; so we \_\_there are certain texts that cannot be under-

we should pass "Grove Village," so when we E. If there are such, they cannot be undercame to "Slab City," as they call it, thinking stood at all by men; for the spiritual interpretawe were on the right track, we took that to be tion will always prove one side of the question "Grove Village;" and when we came to that old just as well as the other; and a witness that will saw mill, on the left, we thought it must be swear to both sides of a case, is a false witness. " Dow's Mill." and soon we saw a large new build- Will you have the goodness to name a text that

D. Yes; there is what God said to Adam:

E. Very well, I see no need of spiritualism

E. But was your ride as pleasant on the D. I do. for he told him he should die in the D. O, yes; there was a good jolly company die literally for more than nine hundred years subject to death until it was denied access to the ing to religion? have been a spiritual death.

E. Now, Deacon, this is a very interesting E. Not quite so fast! this may be the switchlesson; come let us sit down under this shady ing off place. The Lord God said he should surely die: the serpent said he should not surely it cannot die.

hundred years after.

E. What do you mean by that?

E. And what does that mean?

D. Why, in becoming a sinner his moral prin-

E. Well, it was not those principles that were E. I mean with regard to religion, there are himself, whom you say did not die that day .-

in his hand, may always know when he is right to die such a death; then how does it appear that

D. This text admits of no interpretation.

terpret it in any other way?

instead of the death, and all is equally as clear. plished till death, by which they are separated. ing which way he will. So, before we can know Then Adam died a literal death in the same spir- E. Then there was no other way for Adam whether we are right, we must know whether the itual day in which he ate; and no immortal soul to get the full reward of holiness, but sin. This D. Why, yesterday morning, as the cars switch has been turned right or not, or whether neither. Here you see spiritualism proves the makes sin absolutely necessary to the future wellother side of the question also.

D. What can a spiritual day be?

as a thousand years, and a thousand years as a our present state; hereafter we shall know all. day." May be that is it. Is it more strange It is enough for us, at present, to believe these that God should make spiritual days, than it is great truths. that he should make spiritual deaths.

D. No; but Adam must have died in sin the truths? are they the spiriturl or literal inter-

E. And suppose he did: the death of his moral principles was not the death of the man. E. Well, I am willing to; but that says not God threatened him with death as a penalty, did one word about what you have been all this time

D. I think he did.

E. And do you think Adam's penalty was to but you have been making it everything but be dead in sin?

D. What else could it be?

-"surely die." And it could not be "dead in real-mortal being. sin," for that is only being a sinner continuing D. Well, he certainly is composed of soul tation, you make God say to Adam, in the day but one being of them both, and when they are thou eatest thereof, (that is, in the day thou sin-separated the soul is that being.

D. Suppose it is; and then what?

alty in the day he ate? which is the point you is, finally, no death at all. Now, Deacon, be canhave been trying to maintain; i. e., how was he did. Remember the narrow escape of yesterpunished for being dead in sin?

diately; that was a part of his penalty, at least. same you would have found had you been on the "surely die." But God has given his own reathem. Just so it is with you to-day. If you sons for driving him from Eden: "Lest he put are on the right track, it is well; if not, and you forth his hand and partake of the tree of life, and proceed, you will find nothing for your faith to E. So you found a substitute for everything "In the day thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely live forever." That is, lest he should eat of the lay hold of, but the most miserable substitutes tree of life, and escape the penalty.

D. That is, so that his body should not live true Christian on the right track.

E. Was his body immortal before he fell?

the same tree?

ving that from the tree of life; it will live for- from it. And if you are off from it, spiritualism ever, whether it eat of the tree of life or not.

quence of being driven from the tree of life.

E. Yes, yes, but the body was not the guilty made it. part; you say the soul is the only conscious part, and consequently is the only part capable of sinning; yet it escapes with impunity. You have seen that its spiritual death was its crime and not its penalty, and as for its being driven from the tree of life, that did not affect it.

D. Its penalty is eternal death in hell fire.

E. Was that implied in what God said to ful lessons, and reveal to us much we should D. Its penalty is eternal death in hell fire. Adam, in the words "surely die."

D. It must have been. D. It must have been.

E. Well, after all, then, your spiritualism has amounted to just nothing. Adam did not are trusted to, or rested upon, they will certaindie an eternal death in hell fire the same day he ly deceive and fail us. ate the forbidden fruit.

D. And perhaps the reason was, because he

E. And perhaps for the same reason he did E. And perhaps for the same reason he did not die literally that day. But you say Adam Talman Block, Buffalo st., (opposite the Arcade,) Rochester, N. Y. was driven from the tree of life, that his body might die, as threatened in the words, "surely Joseph Marsh, Editor & Proprietor. die," and now you say eternal death in hell fire body was driven from the tree of life, that it might die an eternal death in hell fire.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One Vol. of 46 Nos.,

One Vol. of 46 Nos.,

All communications for the Prophetic Expositor should be addressed, post-paid,—JOSEPH MARSH, Rochester, N. Y.

D. Not that his body should go to hell but E. I suppose you mean that you cannot in- his soul. It becomes necessary to separate the soul from the body, that the souls of the wicked may be punished, and those of the righteous re-E. O, yes, Deacon; just spiritualize the day warded, neither of which can be fully accom-

being of the creature.

D. I know there are some things about it E. Peter says, "One day with the Lord is that are difficult to explain and understand in

E. That is right; but what are these great

D. We must believe the Word of God.

trying to prove. God said to Adam, (condition ally,) "Thou shalt surely die," and I believe it; 'surely die." And in order to make it out, you have supposed man to be two real beings instead E. It would be just what God said it would of one one immortal soul being, and one corpo-

ishment, but a crime, for which the sinner must did not surely die, for his body was not implied in the threat—he did not mean that, you say, but his soul, and the tonly became sinful in the E. Then I ask, how did Adam get his pen- day he ate, which you call spiritual death, which day. You were then on the wrong track. You D. Why, God drove him out of Eden imme- found not one real object on it which was the E. Not unless it is implied in the words, right track, but only a mi erable substitute for

for the realities embraced by the faith of the

D. What do you mean? Do you mean that if I am wrong in believing in the immortality of day he eat thereof; and he did eat, but did not D. I think it was; or, at least, it was not the soul, I am wrong in everything else pertain-

E. I mean just that. If you are on the E. Well, was not the soul denied access to wrong track, you cannot be on the right one at the same time; so the further you go on it, the D. Yes; from its own inherent immortality further you will get from God and the truth; E. Then God did not gain anything by dri- run back and take it just where you switched off is the switch that turned you off, and the devil D. But the body suffered death in conse-tends it; for it was he that first said, "Ye shall not surely die,"-just what your spiritualism has

D. So, if I err in that, my faith lays hold of no real object which it would if I believed in the literal interpretation, and that man had no innate

(To be Continued.)

never have seen from the common level of life.

THE PROPHETIC EXPOSITOR

BIBLE ADVOCATE

TERMS-IN ADVANCE:

# AND BIBLE ADVOCATE.

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# POETRY.

(Original.) "He Doeth All Things Well."

BY SARAH LOUISE. Oh! blest assurance! how it cheers
The weary, drooping heart,
When compassed by dark, boding fears, While earth's bright dreams depart And His kind hand doth guide The raging tempest,—in His love, He rules the swelling tide.

And tho' dark, sorrow clouds may fall Around our pathway here,—
Their night of woe o'ershadow all, And make the way seem drear, Ah! then it is, we know full well How dark this world would be, Did no bright star of hope foretell,

Whatever be our portion here, Its light will banish every fear, And grace divine afford; And, if we trust in Him alone, And lean upon His arm, He watcheth ever, o'er His own And keepeth them from harm.

For, even as our day shall be, So shall we strength obtain To bear us up, amid earth's toil And sorrow, care and pain; Then with a calm and holy trust Knowing "our Father" still is just We say, "Thy will be done."

Then, whether grief or happiness Be ours here below, Oh! may this holy spirit bless Whatever He bestow: We'll meekly bow beneath the rod While sorrow tempests swell, Knowing afflictions are of God-

## INTERPRETATION OF OLD TESTA-MENT PROPHECIES QUOTED IN THE NEW."

THE PROPHECIES OF CHRIST'S BIRTH PLACE.

Micah v. 2, referred to in Matt. ii. 6, and John

Now, for the fulfillment of this vocation of tell-

shell and slough; the bringing in of the reign of confused mysticism. Boldness to declare, open-enough, and they are shepherds that cannot uncommon sense, as opposed to the Holy Ghost. ness to confess, firmness to destroy and root out derstand: they all look to their own way, every

are not blasphemous enough, to claim. This is fore experience. It is an error, and a most iii. 9. The prophet, having declared himself to This power of the Holy Ghost, in which the iniquity and righteousness according to his expe- to judge and to utter judgments, calls upon the prophets of the Old and the ministers of the New rience of the one and his attainment of the other. heads of the house of Jacob, and the princes of Testament are sent forth, is guided by "judg- He is not the measure; God is the measure: he the house of Israel, who abhorred judgment and behold what gifts and qualifications are necessalment, and endowed with "might." Judgment is not the example; Christ is the example. He perverted equity, to give him ear, and hear their ry: "Fulness of power by the Spirit of the Lord, is the power of discriminating between the good is not the community, but one person of it, who impeachment of the Lord. He again names them and of judgment and of might." Our blessed and the evil; strength is the power to declare should study the whole, and know the righteous- by their honorable names, as heads of the house Lord, before giving a commission to his apostles and utter it in the face of all opposition, and terness and iniquity of the whole: for why, then, and leaders of the people, who by their example and their successors to go into all the world and ror, and death itself: the one respecting the contake himself as the measure? He is not the and their precept should have guided the people preach the gospel to every creature under hear science which discerneth truth, the other respects church, but the voice of it, by which all the memven, did first assure them, as the ground of their ing the evil and gainsaying world in which it is bers confess their sins and crave forgiveness; for all the evil doers; being eyes to observe, and ability and confidence, that "all power was given uttered. There is no proceeding a step in the why, then, make himself the only member ?- horns to destroy the wickedness of the wicked.to him in heaven and on earth;" and "there- knowledge of God without the former; and with- Mock humility, betrayal of trust, ignorance of But, instead of this, they abhorred judgment, and fore," said he, "go; and, lo! I am with you al. out the latter there is no proceeding a step in our office, is this maxim of regulating our mesway, unto the end of the world." Matt. xxviii.

18, 19. And before they went forth to execute eye-balls of the conscience, and openeth to us the sage by our experience, instead of listening to people into iniquity by their example and their the Spirit of God, and delivering the whole countifluence, and the oppressors of those who were their commission, he commanded them to remain objects of the moral world in those aspects and sel of the Word of God. A minister, indeed, by of too high and upright a mind to follow their in Jeru alem until they should receive power bearings which they have in God's own sight: his own personal character may be prevented base and erroneous courses. from on high, (Acts i. 4, 8:) which having received on the day of Pentecost, they went forth in the strength thereof, and preached salvation to be true: and without this knowledge how shall not by hiding or shortening, but by declaring and their religion: their hands were full of blood: from the wrath to come; in the spirit, not of we commend the one or rebuke the other? Now what he does know; by being faithful over the and God would not hear their prayers or accept fear, but "of power, and of love, and of a sound I ask, ought not every Christian minister, ought least, that he may be made faithful over the their offerings. This God will not in any wise nind."

not every Christian man, to possess this unction greatest.

Power in the Holy Spirit, which the prophet from the Holy One, by which he knoweth all such are the qualifications for the prophetical and righteousness he loveth more than the fat of Micah declareth himself to have been possessed fi, is that with which every minister of the word deer the Holy Ghost ought to be endowed: and in the consciousness of having received that gift in the Holy Spirit, which is true and is no lie, and with which every minister of the word and righteousness he loveth more than the fat of calling, to which all ministers of the gospel are the quamications for the prophetical things, which is true and is no lie, and with which every minister of the word and righteousness he loveth more than the fat of calling, to which all ministers of the gospel are called; and such are the quamications for the prophetical things, which is true and is no lie, and with which every minister of the word in the Holy Ghost ought to be endowed: and judgment: not the passive observation of the evil and righteousness he loveth more than the fat of calling, to which all ministers of the gospel are called; and such are the quamications for the prophetical things, which is true and is no lie, and with which every minister of the word in the prophetical things, which is true and is no lie, and with which every minister of the word in the prophetical things, which is true and is no lie, and with which every ministers of the gospel are calling, to which all ministers of the gospel are calling, to which all ministers of the gospel are the quamications for the prophetical things, which is true and is no lie can in any way intermingle? This is liable. I have spoken as a dying and responsible to prophetical things, which is true and is no lie can in any way intermingle? This is liable. I have spoken as a dying and responsible to prophetical things, which is true and is no lie can in any way intermingle? This is liable. I have spoken as a dying and responsible to prophetical things, which is true and is not like any true any true any

he asks for license to preach the gospel; and in one from the other; but the active abhorrence, of Christ, and a lover of his country, and a pro it. One who, out of a feigned humility, will not ration and the earnest pursuit of the good.

assert his commission to be from the Holy Ghost, Judgment, in the sense of the Scriptures, is and my family and my flock, but of thousands and his word to be in the power of the Holy the detestation of wickedness and the love of and of millions of men, depend upon the declara-Ghost, doth merely declare that he hath no right to stand in that holy office; that he deceived the ness at all times—not the faculty of finding out of this generation have a work for this generachurch when he professed to have received the the means for some end, but the discernment at tion to do: we seek not, we think not of, posthucall of the Holy Ghost; or, if he was then truly once both of the right end and of the right mous fame, of renown amongst men, of long life in the spirit of power, that he hath lost it since, means;—this spirit of a sound mind; this "wis- in the breath of men; we have a better life, and and is either become apostate, or for a season dom from above, which is first pure, and then a higher renown, and a more enduring name, afcome under obscurity and hiding. But as to the peaceable, gentle, and easy to be entreated, full ter the honors of which we are in pursuit, when notion, now gone abroad, that it is an evil and a of mercy and of good fruits, without partiality we cry upon the ministers of the word to shake blasphemous thing for a minister of the gospel and without hypocrisy;" this Holy Spirit of themselves from their sleep; to turn the Word to speak in the name of the Holy Ghost, it is a truth, is what in the Scripture is signified by false and a ruinous notion, subverting the office judgment: and not there only, but among men been exercised since the days of Enoch; to reof the ministry altogether, denying to the Holy also; for what is a judge, but he into whose hand member into what as men they are baptized, even Ghost his appointed ordinance, and leaving both is committed the high duty of discerning right the reception of the Holy Ghost; to remember ministers and people to the misleading of their teousness through all the mists of prejudice and by what as ministers they professed to have been own understanding and of worldly prudence. the disguises of self-interests with which it is called, even by the call of the Holy Ghost; and To this meanness, poverty, and degeneracy of obscured in the eyes of ordinary men, and the to feel for that Holy Ghost; and to open their the ministerial calling; to this refusal to assert sacred trust of administering justice and equity ear and hear his voice; to open their lips, and our own standing, as the ambassadors of God, to all classes and orders of men; whose commutestify the things of Christ; to fulfill his office, speaking in the Spirit the things of Christ; it is nion with invisible things, whose introspection which is to reprove the world "of sin, of righdue, more than to all things besides, that this with the eye of conscience, whose occupation teousness, and of judgment to come." This office age is wholly given up to human wisdom, man's with the secret and inward fountains of truth, of the Comforter surely we are called upon to disunderstanding, expediency, and common sense: should be such, as that he is thought, when seat- charge; and if we do not faithfully fulfill this and doth decry, as enthusiasm, and presumption, ed on the tribunal, to have no need of his out- office of rebuke and threatening, how shall men and blasphemy, every attempt to assert for the ward eye, over which, in their symbolical figures flee to the hope set before them in the gospel ?-Holy Ghost a living organ of thought, speech, of justice, they are wont to draw a blind? To close all, if I sought for a description of the

Who are foremost in this God-dethroning career? evil, is, next to the discernment of it, most ne- one for his gain from his quarter." Isaiah lvi. Those ministers of the gospel who say. We have cessary to a man and a Christian, and, above all, 10, 11. no commission, we have no authority to speak in to a minister of truth and righteousness; who is And next, what such governors and watchmen the Holy Ghost: we are but educated men, stu- set for the very end of exposing iniquity by the bring upon a country, let our prophet declare .dious men, essayists, lecturers, preachers, or what you please to call us; but any divine commission of his precept. Our calling is to show the powwe are not vain enough, any divine authority we er of word before effect, the power of faith be- abhor judgment, and pervert all equity." Micah

the fulness of that power he goes forth to preach the eager avoidance of the evil, the fervent admi- moter of the common weal of men; who feels what issues, temporal and eternal, not of myself and action. Foolish and wicked men! ye know But, besides this faculty of discerning be- Christian ministry as I believe it to be in this not whither you drive; -downright infidelity, tween the good and the evil, there is another need- land, I would take Isaiah the prophet's, in these absolute atheism, the deity of human reason, the ful to the vocation of a prophet, which is, bold- words: "His watchmen are blind: they are all abrogation of any and every divine right in prince ness and daring to utter it: "Add to your faith ignorant, they are all dumb dogs, they cannot or prophet, father or husband, governor or mas- virtue," or manhood. Without this, knowledge bark; sleeping, lying down, loving to slumber. ter; the desecrating of every ordinance into a and faith degenerate into selfish devoteeship or Yea, they are greedy dogs which can never have

deadly one, that a minister should only declare be filled with power from the Spirit of God, both